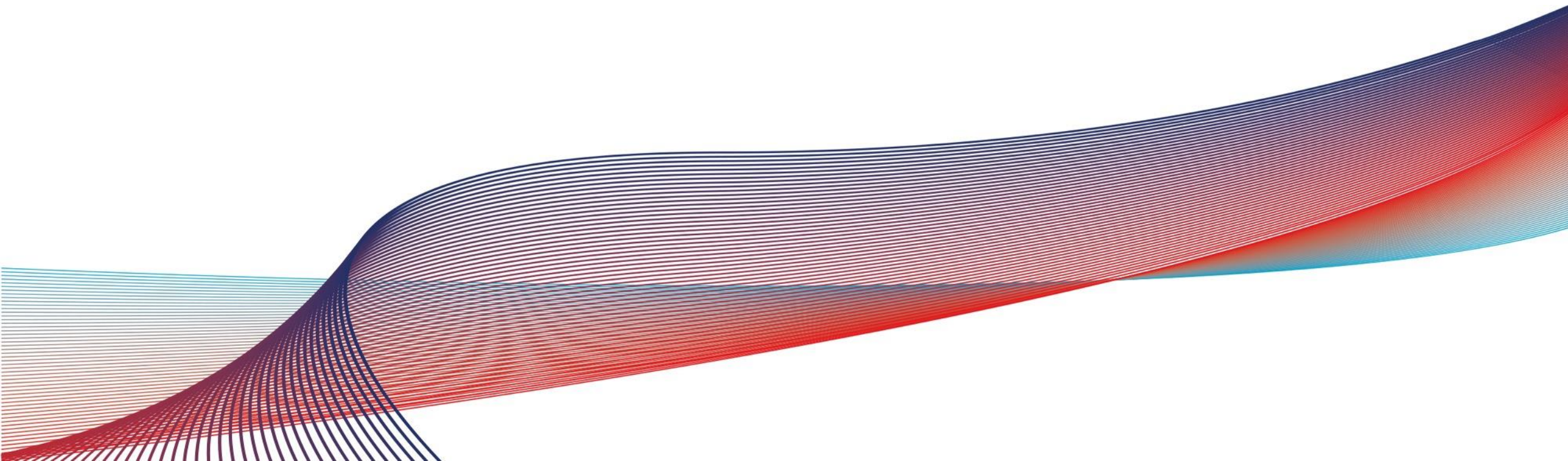


MOL GROUP

INVESTOR PRESENTATION

MAY 2025



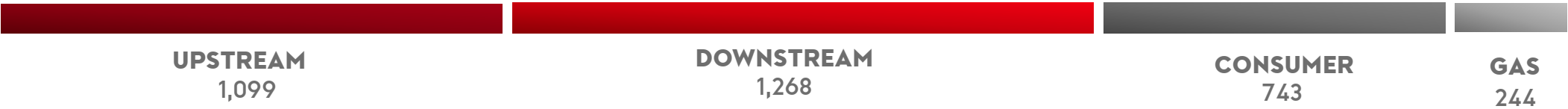
MOL GROUP IN BRIEF

INTEGRATED CENTRAL EUROPEAN MID-CAP OIL & GAS COMPANY

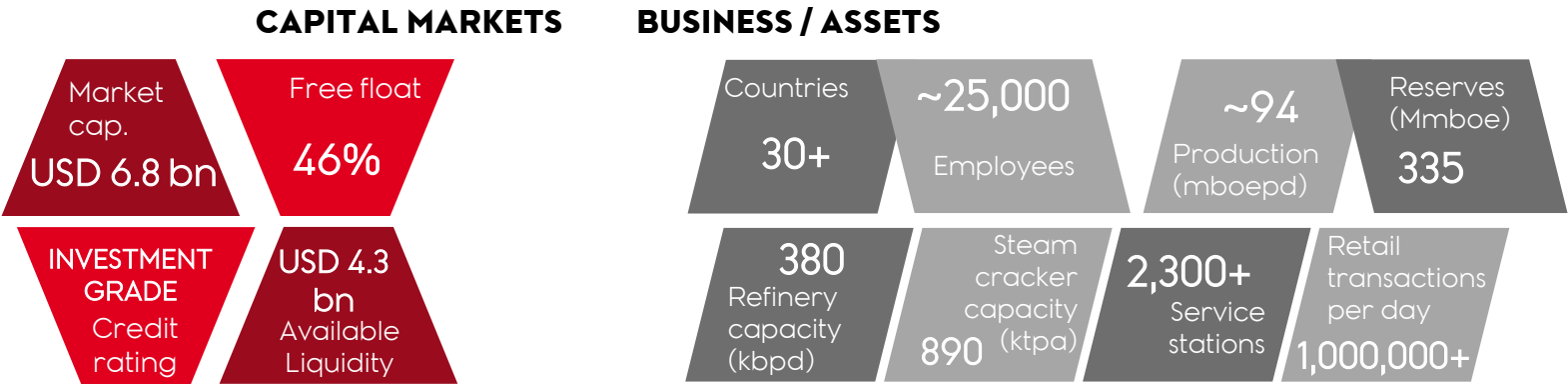
CORE ACTIVITIES



CLEAN CCS EBITDA BY SEGMENTS IN 2024 (USD MN)¹

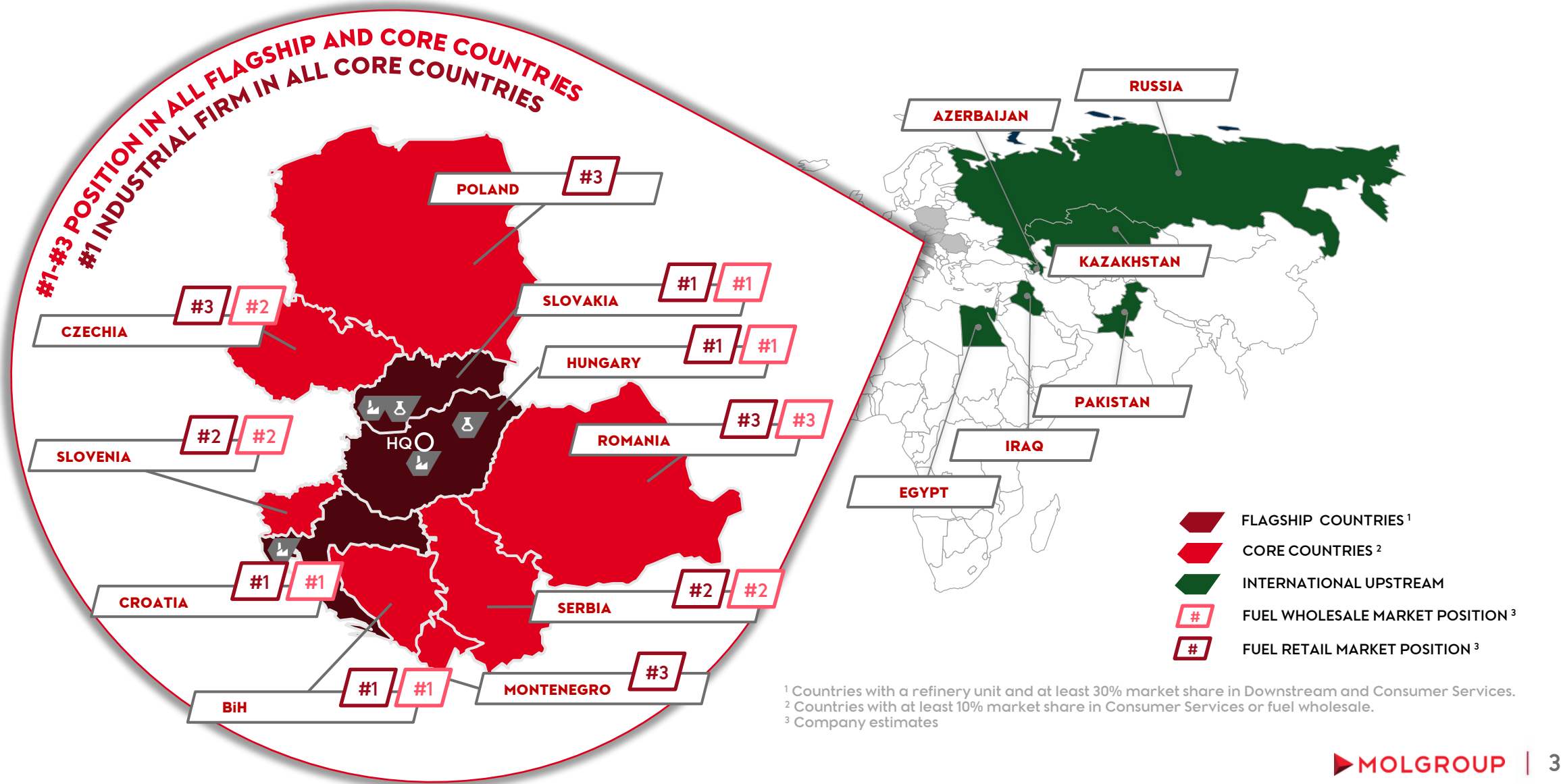


KEY FIGURES



(1) "Corporate and other" (USD -185 mn), "Circular Economy Services" (USD -52mn) segments and intersegment eliminations (USD -28mn) omitted.

MOL IS THE DOMINANT O&G PLAYER OF THE CEE REGION



ESG: SECTOR-LEADING RATINGS AND DISCLOSURE

TOP POSITIONS ACROSS LEADING ESG RATINGS

INDEXES AND RATINGS

MSCI

ESG RATINGS

CCC

B

BB

BBB

A

AA

AAA

AA

MSCI ACWI Index constituents
Integrated Oil & Gas, n=22

9%

5%

9%

9%

36%

23%

9%

CCC

B

BB

BBB

A

AA

AAA

"AA" rating 7th year in a row, staying at the top ~30% among integrated O&G peers

CDP

Discloser 2024

Climate Change:

C

Full disclosure & Awareness level achieved (score C) in both Climate change & Water security

Water Security:

C

SUSTAINALYTICS

High Risk category paired with Strong ESG Risk Management in 2024

ESG Risk Rating:

23.1 High risk

ESG Risk Management:

63.5 Strong

Negligible

Low

Medium

High

Severe

0-10

10-20

20-30

30-40

40+

Strong

Average

Weak

100-50

50-25

25-0

DISCLOSURE

ESRS-compliant

Sustainability Report

European Sustainability Reporting Standards

✓

2024 Sustainability Report compliant & audited under the new EU ESG standard (ESRS) complemented by continued reference to other internationally recognised frameworks:

GRI

TCFD

SASB STANDARDS

ecovadis

Sustainability Rating

MAR 2024

GOLD | Top 5%

EcoVadis Gold Medal

Top 5% of all disclosers

MOLGROUP | 4

AGENDA

THE MOL GROUP EQUITY STORY	
GROUP STRATEGY AND SUSTAINABILITY	6
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THE MOL GROUP EQUITY STORY

GROUP STRATEGY AND SUSTAINABILITY



NAVIGATING THE COMPLEXITIES OF THE ENERGY TRANSITION

CHALLENGES AND OPPORTUNITIES IN A SHIFTING LANDSCAPE



Sustainability regulations: ambitious goals, but high uncertainty regarding markets & technologies

Geopolitical tensions: need for supply diversification & improved European competitiveness

Customer expectations: predictable & affordable energy supply



The energy transition poses both challenges and opportunities, requiring a nuanced approach to balance sustainability, energy security, and economic competitiveness.

TRANSITION PATH BASED ON RESILIENT MOL GROWTH MODEL

HIGH-GROWTH AND PROFITABLE CEE CORE OPERATIONS AND INTERNATIONAL E&P ENABLE SMOOTH DIVERSIFICATION AWAY FROM FOSSIL FUELS

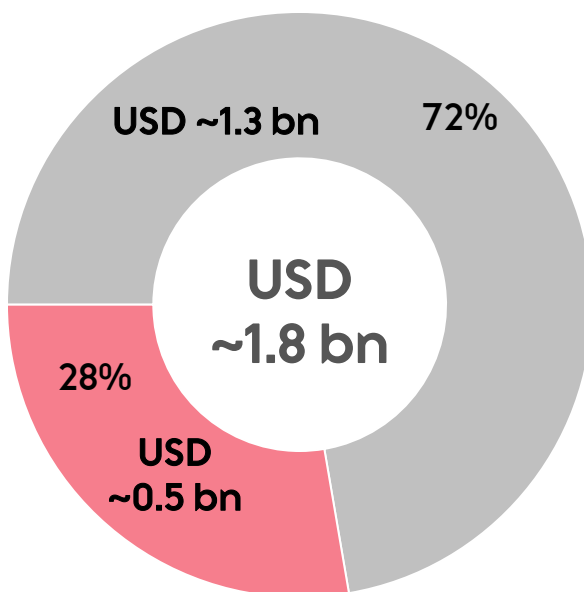


HIGHER INVESTMENT TO SHAPE A SUSTAINABLE TOMORROW

LOW-CARBON CAPEX TO ACCELERATE AND MOVE BETWEEN 30-40% OF TOTAL CAPEX TO REALISE TRANSITION IN NEXT DECADES

2018-23 Organic CAPEX distribution
(Since Shape Tomorrow Strategy)
(yearly avg., real 2024)

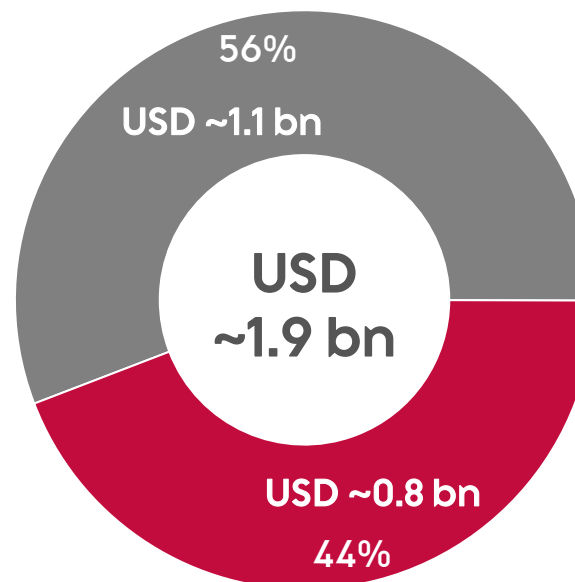
 Sustain
 Strategic



Low-carbon

<10%

2025-30 Organic CAPEX distribution
(yearly avg., real 2024)

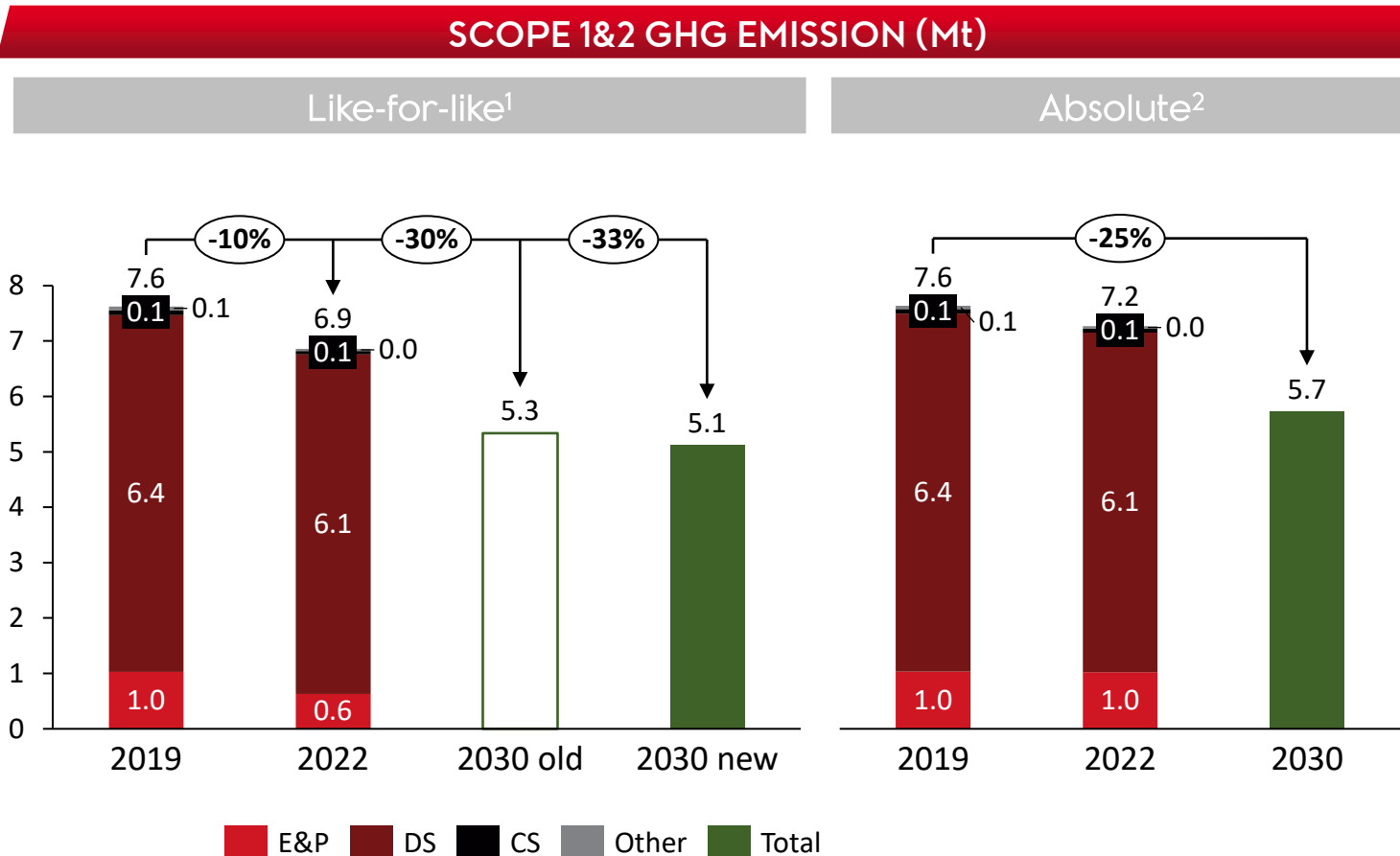


30-40%

- ▶ 2025-2030 Organic CAPEX spend to increase by 5%+ on average in real terms to accelerate transition
- ▶ Keep sustain CAPEX low (close to previous year's average level) thanks to efficiency gains resulting from past and ongoing projects
- ▶ Increase share of transformational CAPEX with low-carbon share of total CAPEX targeted at 30-40%
- ▶ Investments continue to be deployed selectively depending on risk-return profile

2030 EMISSION REDUCTION TARGET RAISED

LIKE-FOR-LIKE SCOPE 1&2 GHG EMISSION REDUCTION EXPECTATION INCREASED TO 33% FROM PREVIOUS TARGET OF 30%; GHG EMISSION TO DECREASE BY 25% IN ABSOLUTE TERMS



REDUCTION AMBITION HIGHER

- ▶ MOL committed to achieve 2050 net climate neutrality
- ▶ Absolute GHG emission reduction² target for 2030 set at ca. 25% compared to 2019, equalling 33% on like-for like¹ terms, more ambitious than in 2021 strategy
- ▶ No segment-level targets set in order to allow capitalizing on integrated model and ensure flexibility
- ▶ Absolute Scope 3 emissions are targeted to decrease by 5% by 2030 (from 2019)
- ▶ From 2024 onwards, GHG and TRIR KPIs are also introduced in managerial short-term incentives

**STRONGER SHORT-TERM
COMMITMENT TO ACHIEVE
CLIMATE GOALS**

¹ Like-for-like emissions only include GHG emissions of 2019 asset base.

² Absolute target-setting methodology in line with requirements set by EU Directive 2022/2464 (CSRD) on corporate sustainability reporting.

MOL GROUP'S ESG TARGETS

CLIMATE/GHG TARGETS

Reducing Group-level Scope 1+2 GHG emission by 25% by 2030
(from 2019)

- ▶ Ambition to reach net carbon neutrality by 2050
- ▶ No segment-level targets set in order to allow capitalizing on integrated model and ensure flexibility
- ▶ Target is set in absolute terms to comply with EU reporting requirements

Share of low-carbon CAPEX between 30-40% for the period 2025-2030

- ▶ Carbon trajectory and EU taxonomy alignment are incorporated into investment decision processes
- ▶ MOL's low carbon definition covers every project which contributes to the Group's energy transition by lowering emissions (including energy efficiency, electrification) or stepping into new, low carbon businesses (renewable energy, circular economy).

GHG emission reduction and TRIR targets are included in the short-term management incentive scheme from FY2024 onwards

OTHER

CLIMATE & ENVIRONMENT

Renewable electricity consumption up to 2,500 GWh per year by 2030

Scope 3 is targeted to decrease by 5% (from 2019) by 2030, depending on fossil fuel demand

HEALTH & SAFETY

Zero fatality

TRIR below 1.1 for core activities by 2030

Eliminate significant API Tier 1 process safety events by 2030

PEOPLE & COMMUNITIES

Women in management: reach 30% target by 2030

Keep sustainable employee engagement level at min. 75%

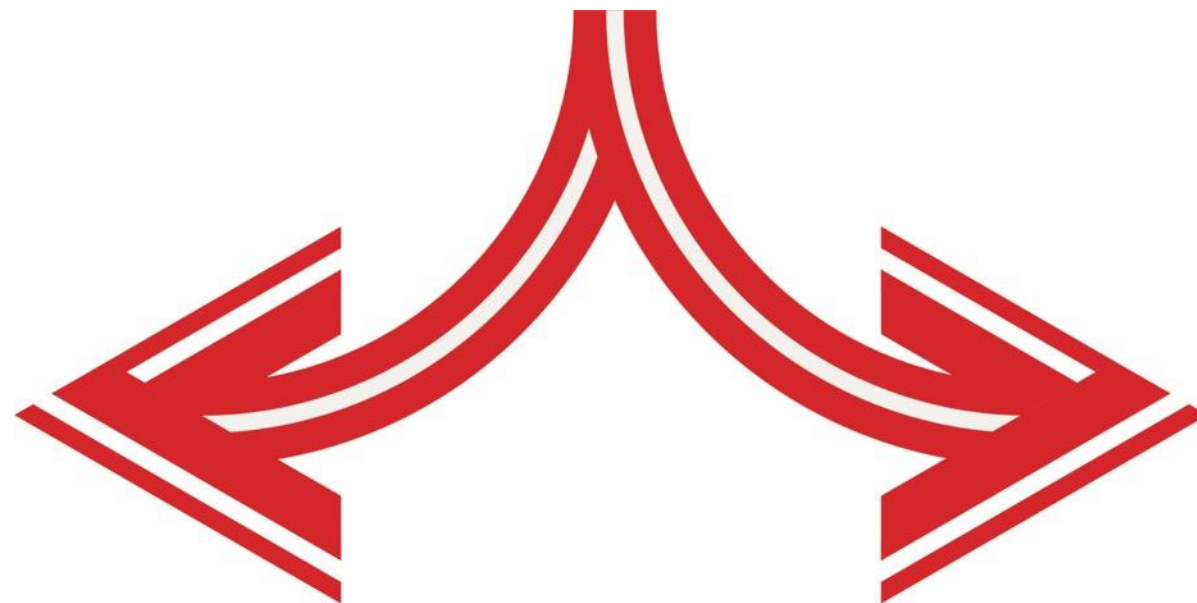
50% of social investment spent on local communities by 2030

INTEGRITY & TRANSPARENCY

Annual ethics training for 100% of employees

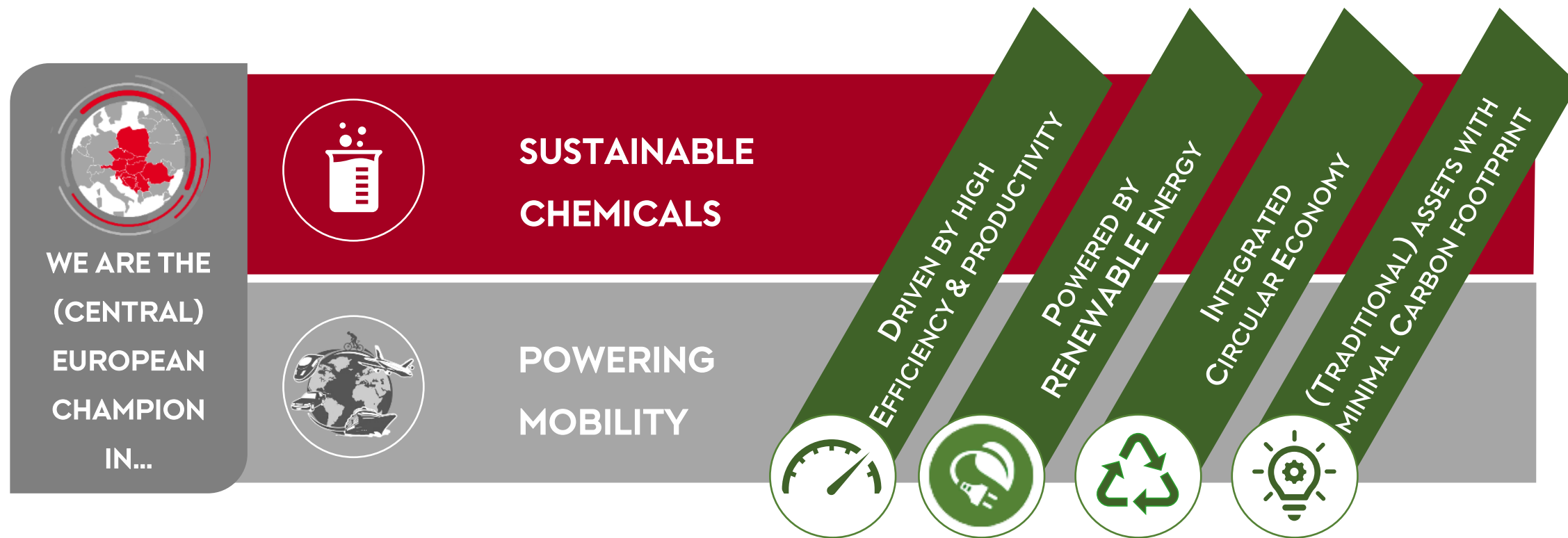
Procurement: Reduce non-hydrocarbon GHG emission by 30% in inbound supply chain by 2030

THE MOL GROUP EQUITY STORY
DOWNSTREAM



2050 VISION: HIGHLY EFFICIENT, SUSTAINABLE, CHEMICAL-FOCUSED

WE HAVE A LONG-TERM VISION TO BECOME A SUSTAINABLE CHEMICALS COMPANY AND POWERING MOBILITY WITH AN AMBITION TO REDUCE CARBON FOOTPRINT AND STRIVING TO REACH NET ZERO EMISSION



KEY PILLARS OF OUR STRATEGY UNTIL 2030

BALANCED FOCUS ON SUPPLY SECURITY AND DIVERSIFICATION FROM FOSSIL



- ▶ Keep up market share & profitability
- ▶ Scale up alternative fuels, ensure compliance
- ▶ Extend our captive markets via improved fuel card offerings



- ▶ Delivering Polyol, our flagship project
- ▶ Value chain extension with mid-scale investments
- ▶ Continue transformation towards circular chemicals



- ▶ Speed-up biogas and H2 value-chain development
- ▶ Expand recycling & compounding
- ▶ Drive GHG emission reduction on Group level
- ▶ Prioritize sustainability projects with favourable return profile

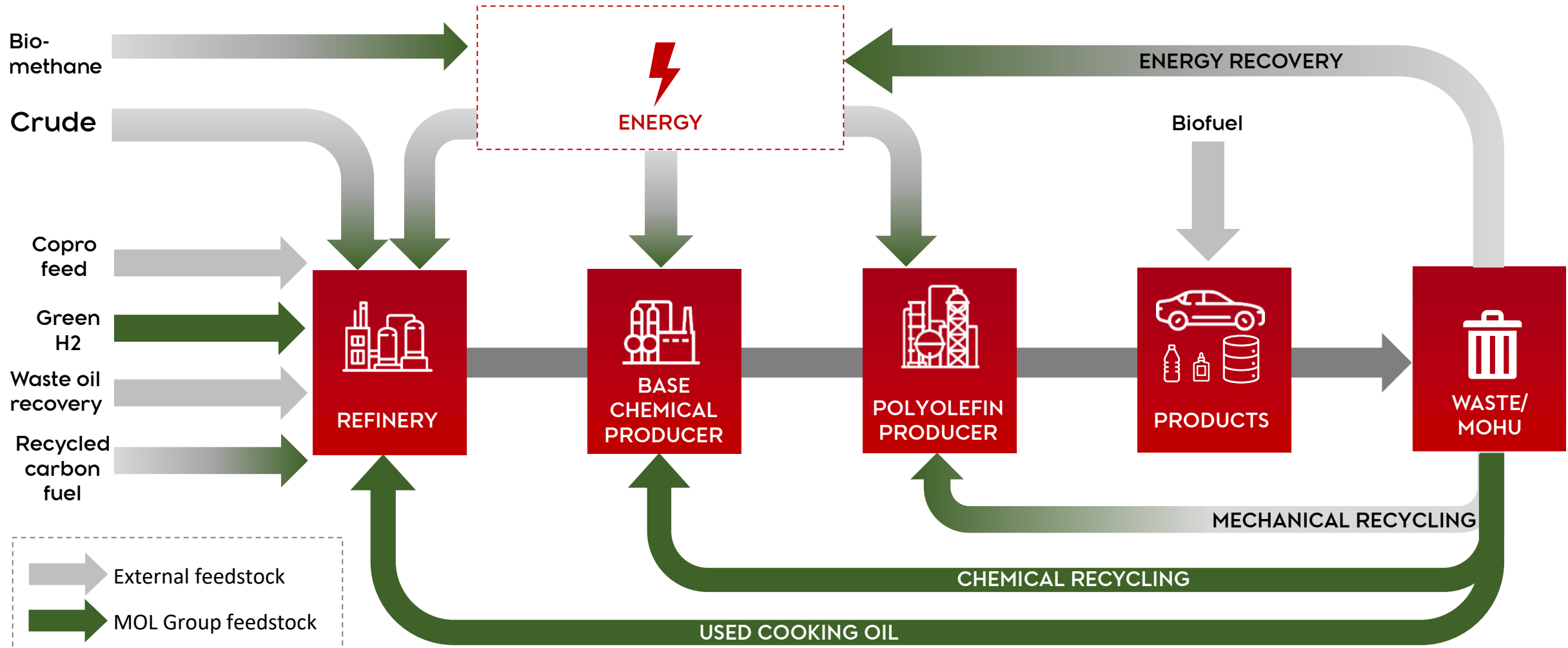
PRODUCTION AND EFFICIENCY

- ▶ **Profitability:** keep EBITDA above USD 1.2 bn per annum in mid cycle macro with the efficient combination of supply security, chemical & sustainability related transformational investments, GHG emission decrease and further operational efficiency improvement initiatives
- ▶ **Efficient assets:** High asset efficiency to secure additional cash flow for strategic investments, delivering USD 150mn savings by 2025 via energy efficiency, maintenance, and logistics on track
 - ▶ Keep the 1st quartile position (top 25%) of the Duna Refinery and Slovnaft in Net Cash Margin within Europe
- ▶ **Sustainable assets:** Asset energy efficiency improvement and operate new development solutions to reduce GHG
 - ▶ Target 2nd quartile in Solomon Energy Intensity Index



MAXIMISING SYNERGIES WITH WASTE MANAGEMENT

DOWNSTREAM INCREASINGLY RELIES ON CIRCULAR SOLUTIONS BUT MARKET-BASED SOLUTIONS STILL NEEDED



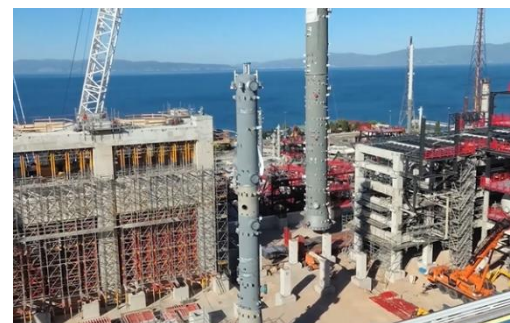
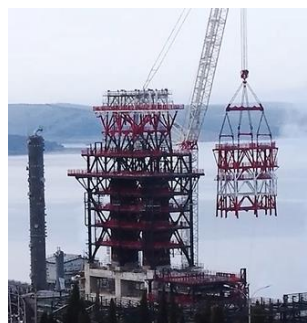
CONTINUING RIJEKA REFINERY UPGRADE

INSTALLATION OF A DELAYED COKER UNIT (DCU) ENABLING FULL CONVERSION AND UTILIZATION

STATUS

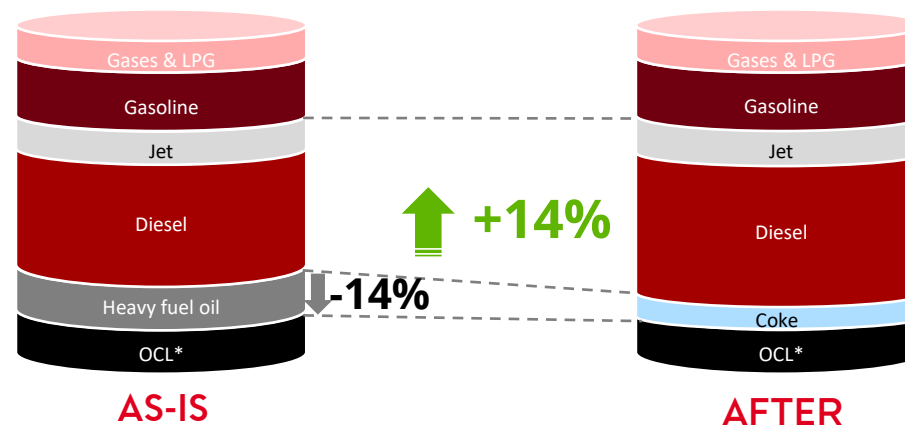
94%
Overall project progress

- ▶ Rijeka Refinery Upgrade Project is the largest single investment project in INA's history
- ▶ Engineering and purchasing completed
- ▶ Port and related logistics enabling sale of new product (petroleum coke)
- ▶ Mechanical completion expected by Q4 2025



IMPROVED REFINERY MARGIN

+ 14%
more valuable product portfolio



(1) Own consumption and loss

THE POLYOL PROJECT REPRESENTS AN IMPORTANT MILESTONE FOR STEPPING FORWARD IN THE PROPYLENE VALUE CHAIN

LARGEST ORGANIC INVESTMENT IN MOL GROUP HISTORY

POLYOL PROJECT RATIONALE AND TIMELINE



DRIVER

- ▶ Moving from commodity (polypropylene) to semi commodity



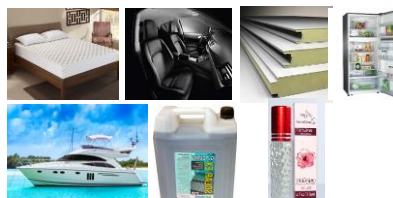
TARGET VOLUME

- ▶ 205 ktpa of polyol
- ▶ 60 ktpa propylene glycol (PG)



TARGET SEGMENTS

- ▶ Flexible and rigid foams
- ▶ Unsaturated polyester resin (UPR), functional fluids, personal care products



GRADUAL RAMP UP

- ▶ Technical constraint: Breeding period
- ▶ Market constraint: Quality customization period
- ▶ Timeline: 2024 - 2025

FINANCIAL AND OPERATIONAL EFFECTS



CAPEX ESTIMATE

~USD 1.5 Bn



FTE NEED

~200



EBITDA POTENTIAL¹

~USD 150 mn p.a.



MARGIN

400-500 USD/t

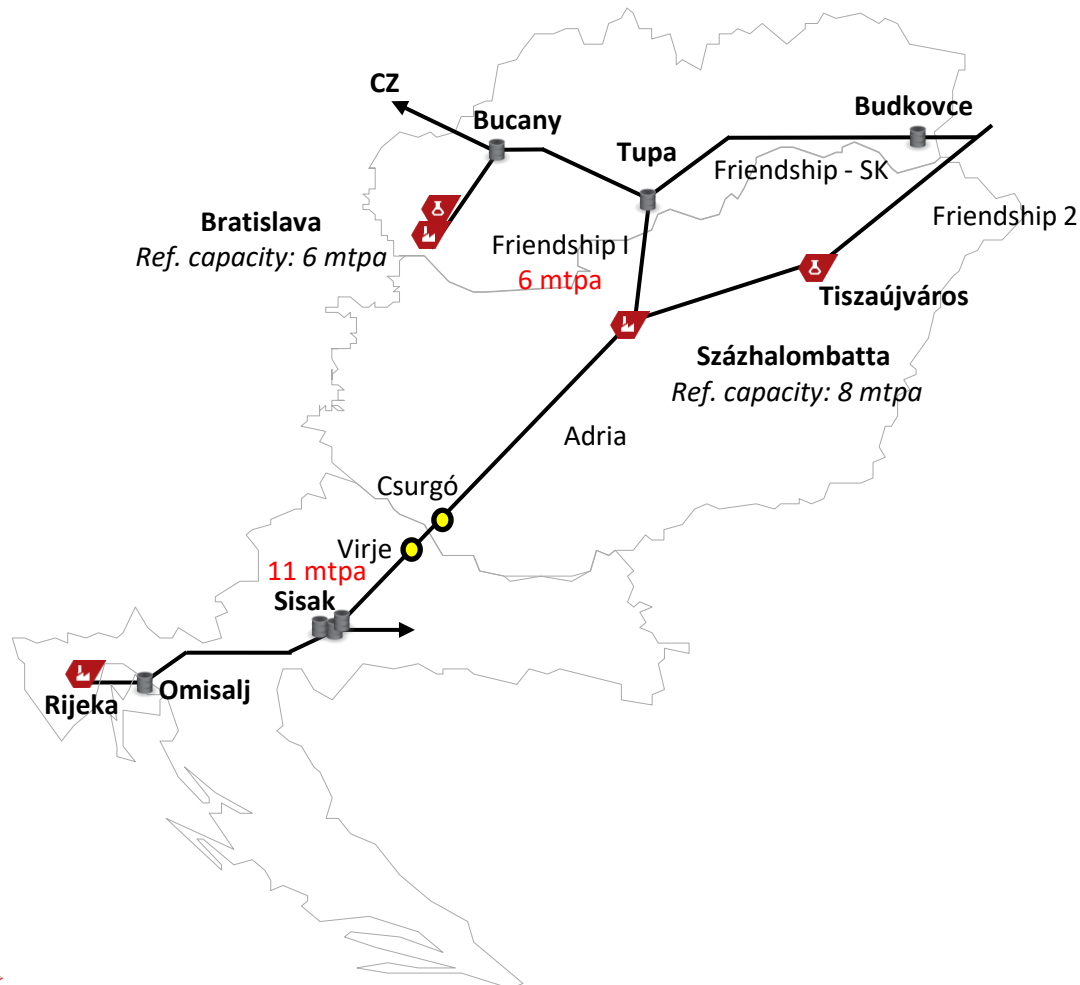
(1) Under mid-cycle assumptions



ADRIA PIPELINE PROVIDES ALTERNATIVE CRUDE SUPPLY

AROUND USD 500MN INVESTMENT WOULD BE NEEDED FOR FULL DIVERSIFICATION

ALTERNATIVE CRUDE SUPPLY ROUTE THROUGH THE ADRIA



COMMENTS

- ▶ USD 170 mn spent on the development of the Danube Refinery already pre-war
- ▶ We have mapped what further investments are needed, and we are cautiously progressing with the transition of the refinery in Bratislava as well as in Százhalombatta
- ▶ Investments in the magnitude of USD 500 mn targeting crude blending, treatment and refinery debottlenecking would significantly increase MOL's ability to further diversify from Ural oil
- ▶ Should the crude flows via the Druzhba pipeline drop significantly, MOL can increase its utilization of the Adriatic pipeline and supply ca. 80% of its landlocked refineries' intake, although entailing higher technical risks and logistics costs



CRUDE DIVERSITY PROJECTS TO INCREASE OUR FLEXIBILITY

CRUDE DIVERSIFICATION PROGRAM LAUNCHED TO EASE THE PRESSURE ON SUPPLY SECURITY CAUSED

WHY?

- ▶ Supply security became extremely important in the region due to the Russian – Ukraine war
- ▶ MOL Group must comply with EU sanctions
- ▶ Ensure continuous security of product supply in the region, and manage risks

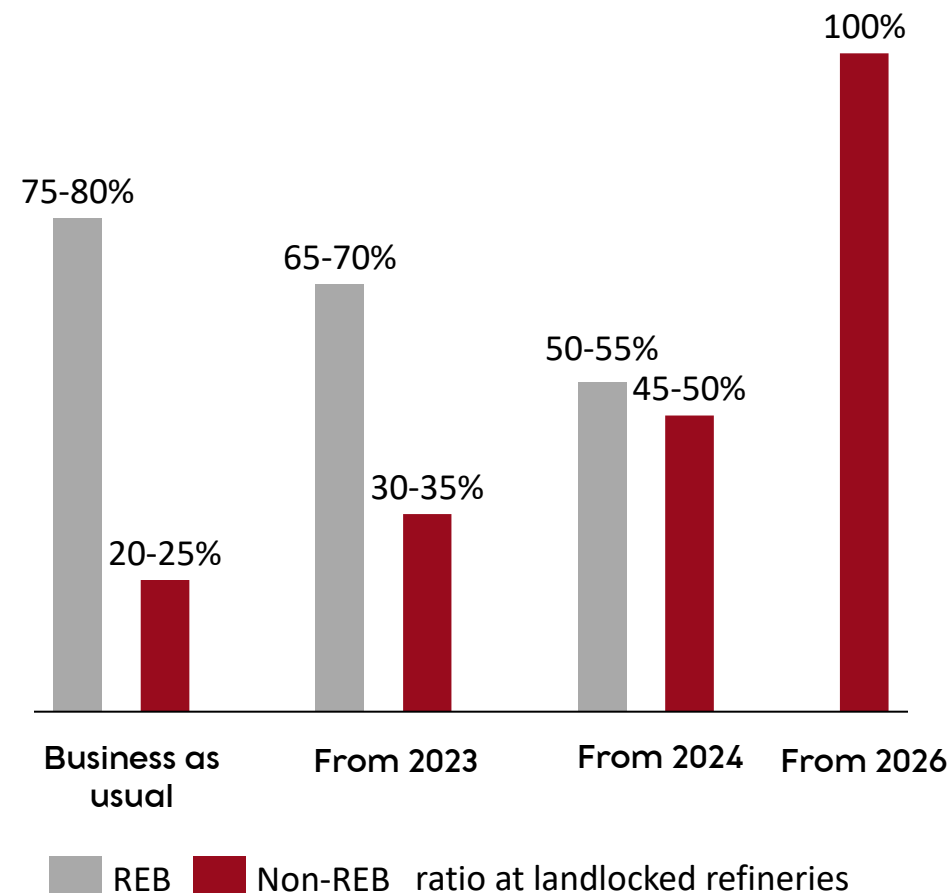
WHAT?

- ▶ Diversify source of crude oil supply
- ▶ Valuating options to reduce or eliminate dependence on Russian crude imports
- ▶ Non-Russian crude processing ratios according to EU sanctions

HOW?

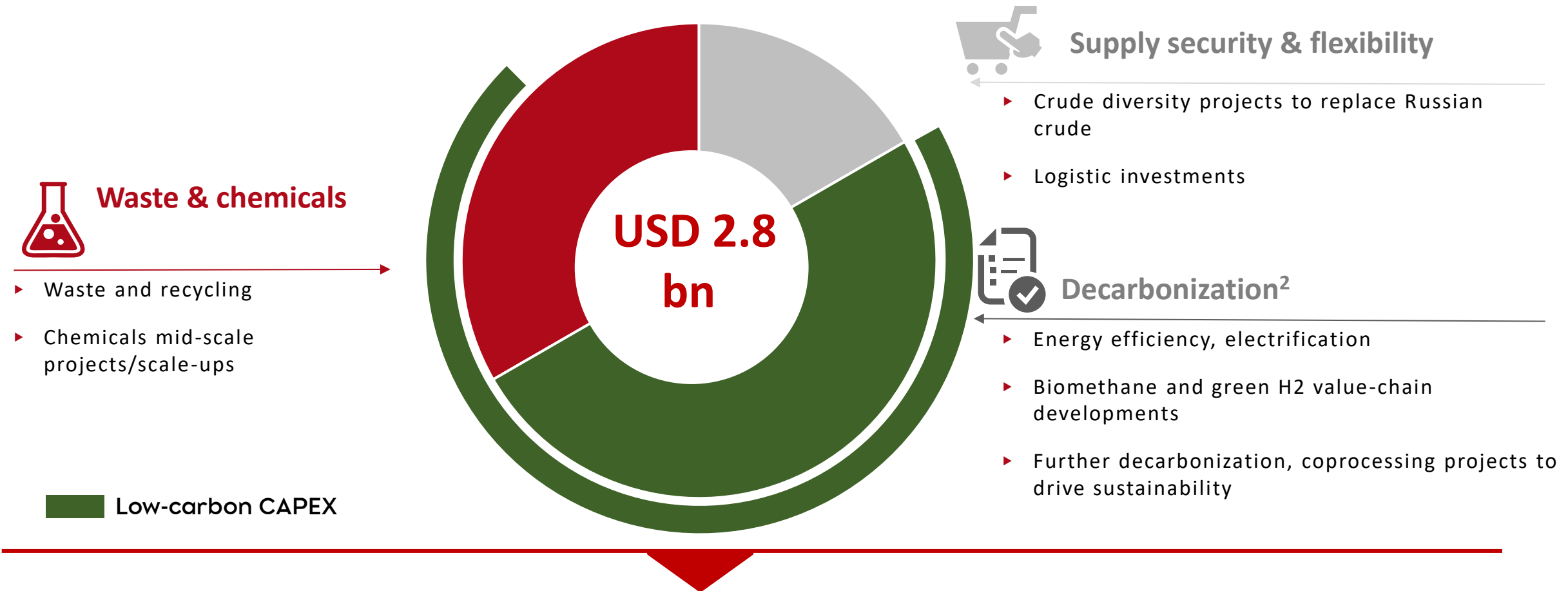
- ▶ Maintain current capacities, with wider crude selection
- ▶ Since 2022 MOL Group tested 10+ different crude types, with over 1 mn ton alternatives processed in 2024 in HU and SK
- ▶ Staged execution
- ▶ Czech exemption prolonged until 5th of June 2025

DEVELOPING TECHNICAL CAPABILITIES TO INCREASE POTENTIAL NON-RUSSIAN CRUDE PROCESSING



ORGANIC CAPEX ALLOCATION 2025-2030

TOTAL ORGANIC CAPEX OF USD 5.3 BN INCLUDING USD 2.5 BN (~ 400 MMUSD/Y) SUSTAIN & LTE¹ IN ADDITION TO STRATEGIC CAPEX OF USD 2.8 BN



MAXIMISE PROFITABILITY WITH CAREFUL PROJECT SELECTION AND PRIORITIZATION

(1) Lifetime extension

(2) Partnerships and subsidies can further increase the headroom for sustainability related investments



SHARE OF RENEWABLES TO GROW IN MOL GROUP'S ELECTRICITY CONSUMPTION

A MIX OF OWN PRODUCTION AND MARKET-BASED SOLUTIONS NEEDED TO MAXIMIZE EBITDA POTENTIAL AND DEPLOY SYNERGIES WITH MOL GROUP'S OPERATION

Electricity demand of decarbonization of Downstream



- ▶ 10 MW electrolyser to come online in 2024 and to be supplied from renewables
- ▶ Green H₂ production to scale up significantly over strategic horizon



- ▶ DS CO₂ roadmap / RES for Production & Electrification

- ▶ Current operation of 44 MW solar production is considered as the first step taken, scale-up of the portfolio is planned in synergy with current and future electricity consumers of MOL Group
- ▶ Renewable electricity to cover the consumption growth of green H₂ and decarbonisation needs
- ▶ Solar projects are expected to give the majority of the production however complementing renewable sources and storage solutions are considered as well

**By 2030
MOL Group
expected to
consume
up to ~2 500 GWh
renewable
electricity**



MOL GROUP HAS MADE FIRST STEPS IN THE HYDROGEN DEVELOPMENT ROADMAP

MOL GROUP HYDROGEN PRODUCTION HAS A SIGNIFICANT POTENTIAL TO CONTRIBUTE TO DS CO2 TARGETS

2022

ORGANIZATIONAL SETUP

- ▶ Dedicated H2 team and program management under the New and Sustainable Businesses



FIRST PILOT PROJECT

- ▶ First 10 MW electrolyzer at the Danube Refinery started production in 2024 with 1,600 tpa production



2023-25

LIGHTHOUSE PROJECTS

- ▶ Further lighthouse projects in green H2 production/logistics, 10 MW in Rijeka (CR) contracted in April 2024 with completion expected in 2026
- ▶ First HRS in the retail network in core countries (CR, HU, SK) *to gain experience, develop competence*



PARTNERSHIPS

- ▶ Establish partnerships with technological suppliers, mobility companies and professional associations



2026-30

WHOLE RENEWABLE H2 VALUE CHAIN

- ▶ MOL Group will establish its presence in the whole renewable hydrogen value chain: *from RE generation and storage, via green H2 production and distribution till the serving H2 mobility demands*



INDUSTRIAL SCALE-UP

- ▶ Scale up of green H2 production in the second half of this decade, to reach EU compliance and serve increasing mobility needs



CONTRIBUTE SIGNIFICANTLY TO THE STRATEGIC CO2 REDUCTION TARGET BY 2030
ASSURE PRESENCE IN THE EMERGING CEE HYDROGEN ECOSYSTEM



THE MOL GROUP EQUITY STORY
WASTE MANAGEMENT



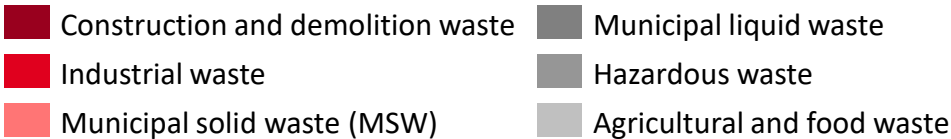
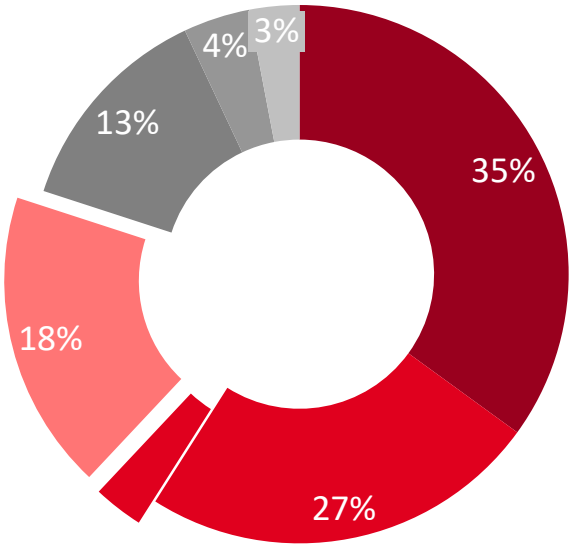
THE CONCESSION TO COVER ~5 MN TONNES OF WASTE

AND THE WHOLE TERRITORY OF HUNGARY

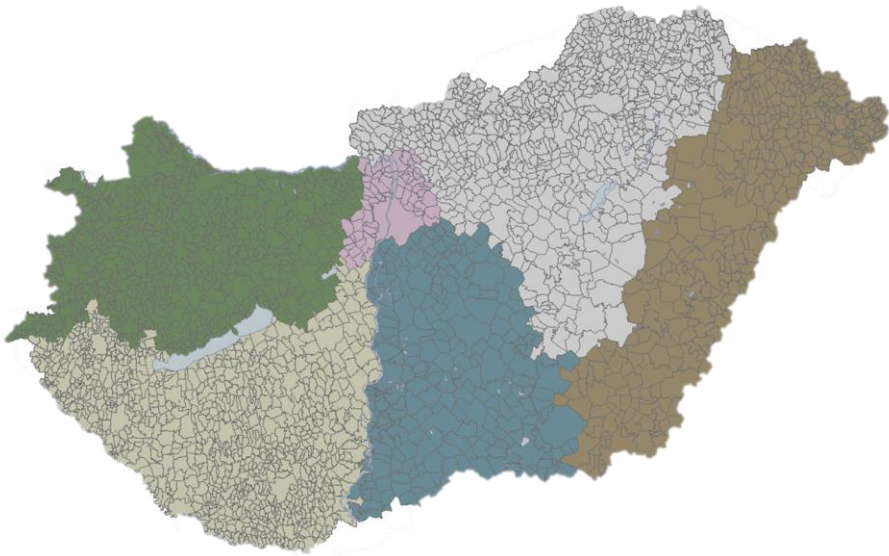
COMPOSITION OF WASTE BY SOURCE

Total waste:
20 mn tons

MOL'S SCOPE :
4.7 mn tons
(mainly
municipal solid
waste)



OPERATION WITH REDUCED NUMBER OF REGIONS

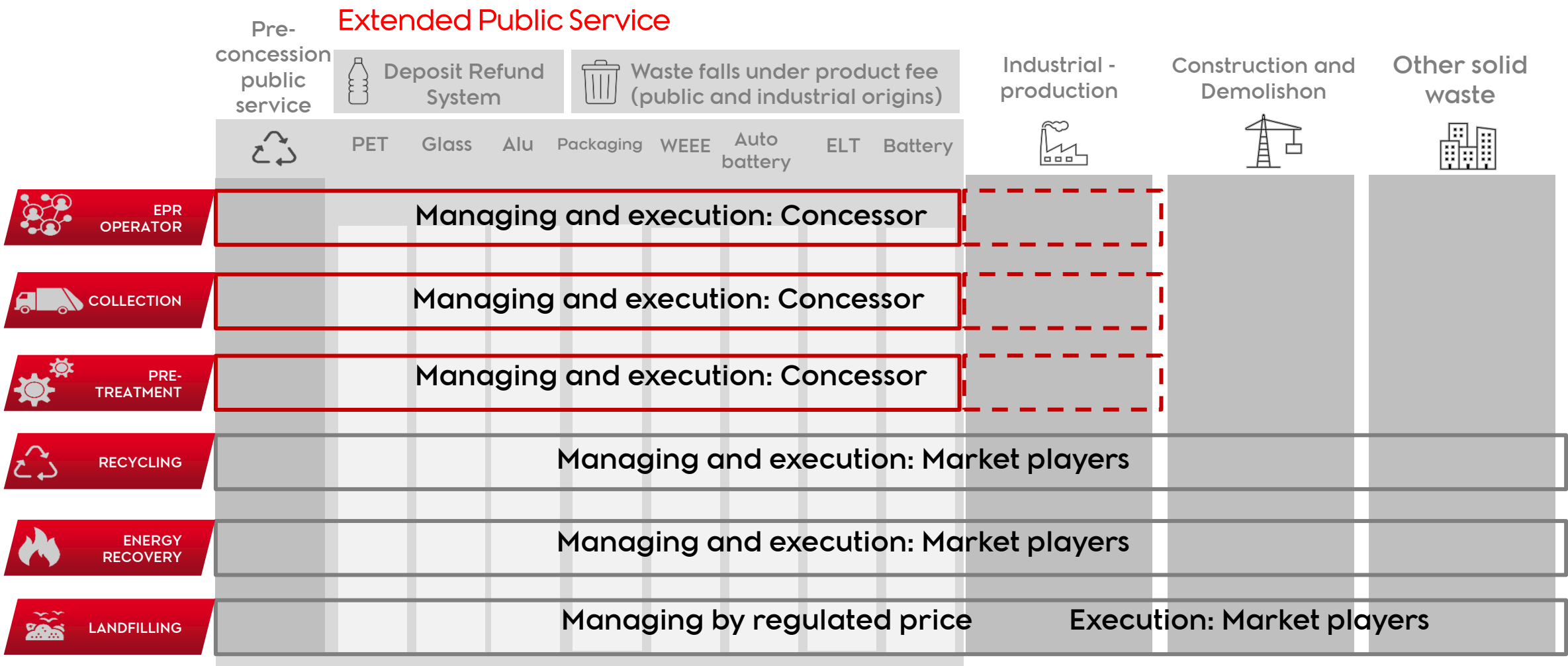


- ▶ From 26 service providers operating independently MOHU decreased to 6 regions for more efficient operation
- ▶ Starting utilization of synergies on country level as a result of optimization



INTEGRATED WASTE MANAGEMENT CONCESSION

EXTENDED SERVICE SCOPE WITH MANAGING ROLE IN THE WHOLE VALUE CHAIN

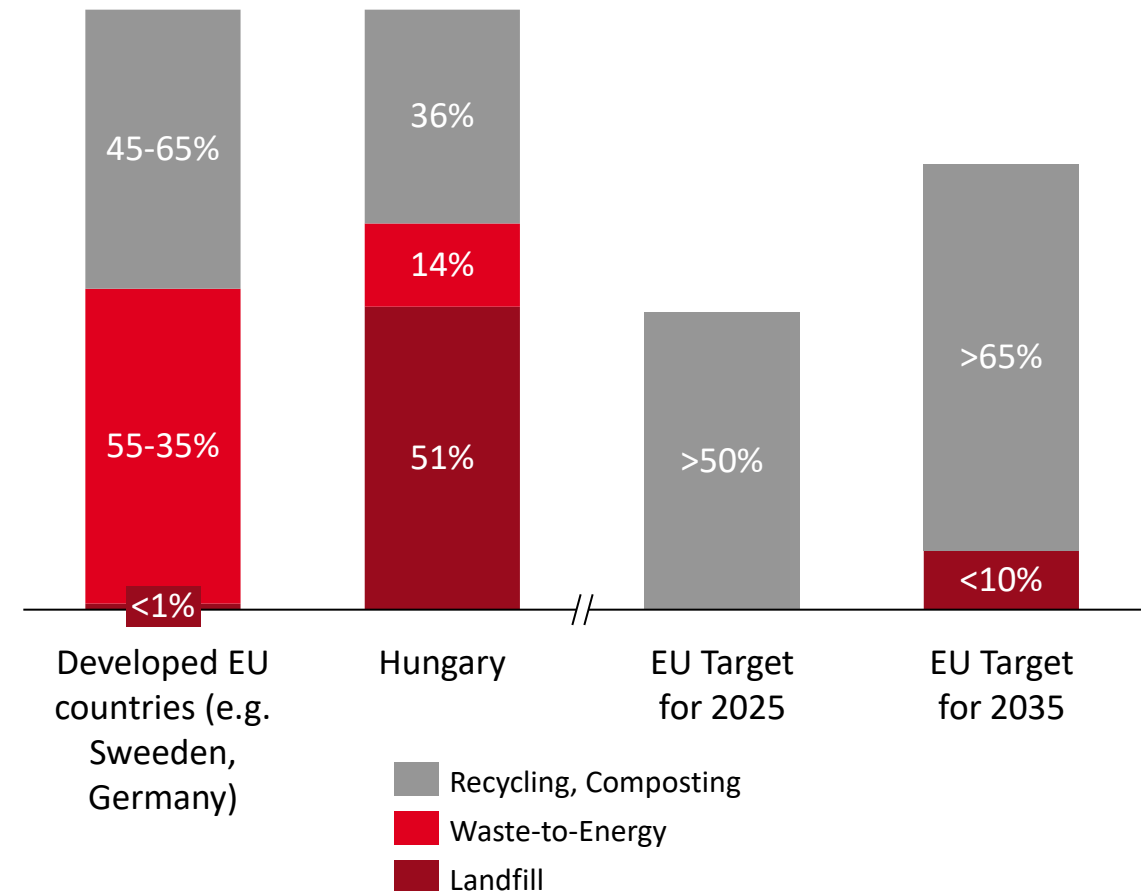


EFFICIENCY GAINS AND MINIMIZING LANDFILL PROVIDE SIGNIFICANT IMPROVEMENT POTENTIAL

CONCESSION TO IMPROVE EFFICIENCY

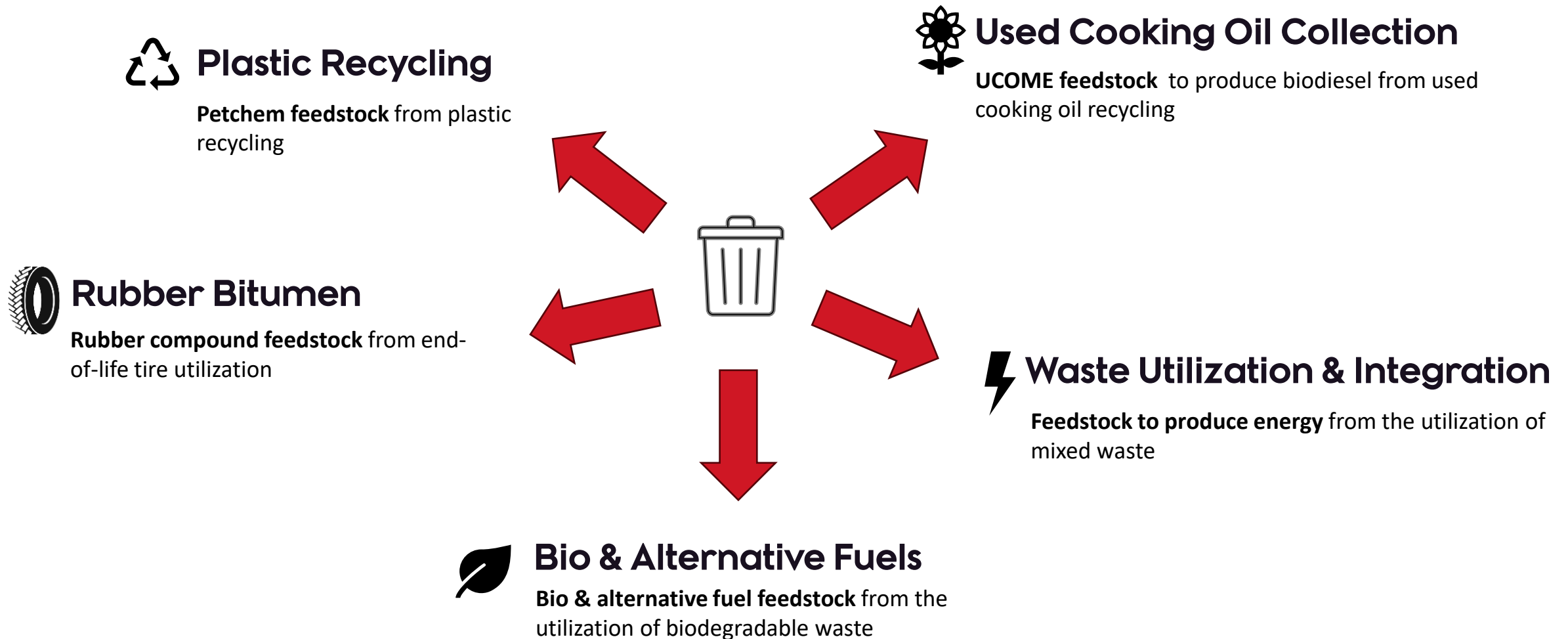
- ▶ Making waste collection and transportation tasks more efficient
- ▶ Optimizing the utilization of tasks of national waste treatment
- ▶ Introduction of the extended producer responsibility system
- ▶ Introduction of the deposit refund system
- ▶ Development of new separate collection of household waste streams
- ▶ Creation of new waste-to-energy plant of at least 100 kt capacity
- ▶ Implementation of investments in a minimum amount of USD ~0.5bn by 2033
- ▶ Creating a waste tracking IT system
- ▶ Promoting the improvement of consumer attitude and the increase of their participation
- ▶ Organizing waste recycling

MUNICIPAL WASTE HANDLING IN THE EU



UP TO 1.5 MN TONS OF FEEDSTOCK FOR ENERGY INDUSTRY BY 2030

WASTE MANAGEMENT TO BECOME AN ENABLER OF FUTURE GROWTH



MAIN SUCCESS AND DEVELOPMENT AREAS OF WASTE MANAGEMENT

FOCUSING ON THE START OF THE CONCESSION AND THE MILESTONES AHEAD

SETUP SUCCESSFUL

CHALLENGES AHEAD

CONCESSION

- ▶ The transition to the new system was successfully completed, and it is operating as intended
- ▶ The collection and treatment of waste is stable and continuous

REGULATORY ENVIRONMENT

- ▶ All relevant legislative acts and methodology were published
- ▶ The brand-new price regulation has been completed and EPR fees were announced

OPERATION

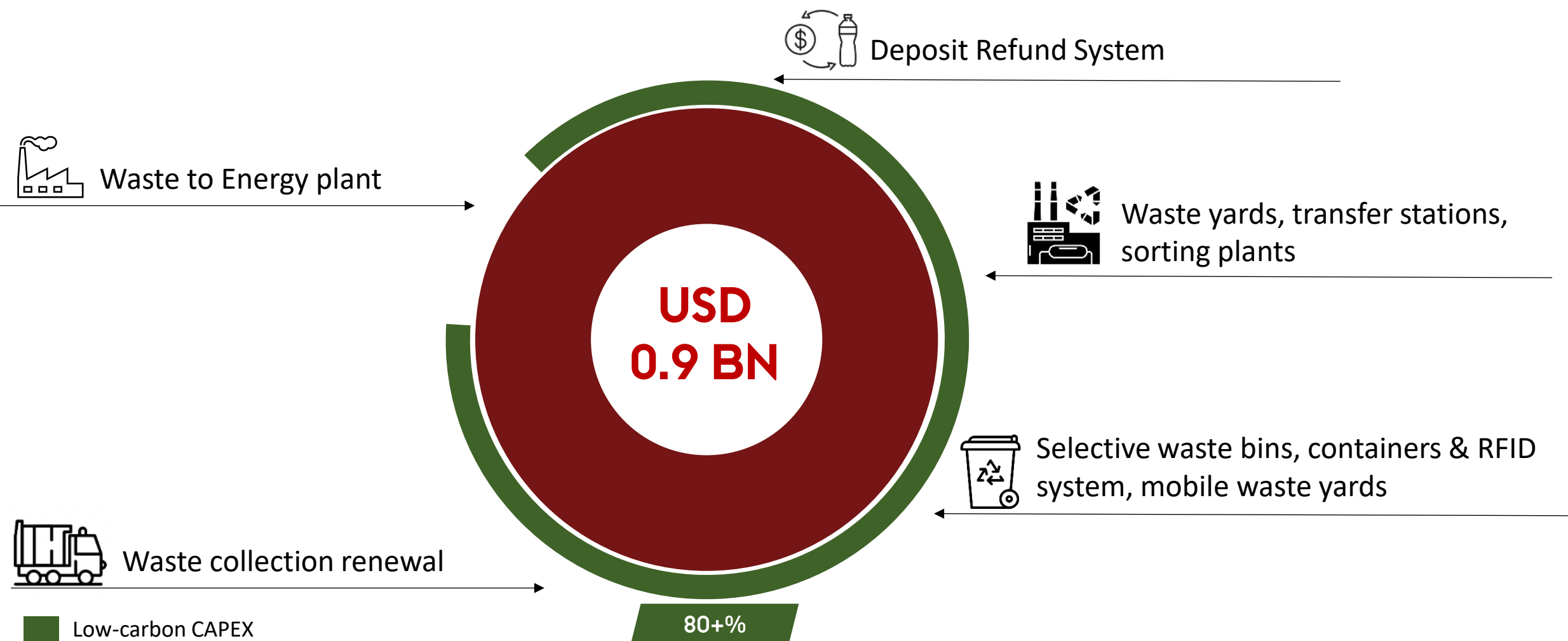
- ▶ Seamless transition for the end-customers
- ▶ Deposit Refund System was launched on 1 January 2024 with ramp-up ongoing successfully

- ▶ Stabilizing supply chain operation
- ▶ Starting to implement efficiency and cost reduction programs
- ▶ Increasing the yield of recovered material
- ▶ Implementing Deposit Refund System
- ▶ Ensuring smooth public invoicing
- ▶ Building brand awareness

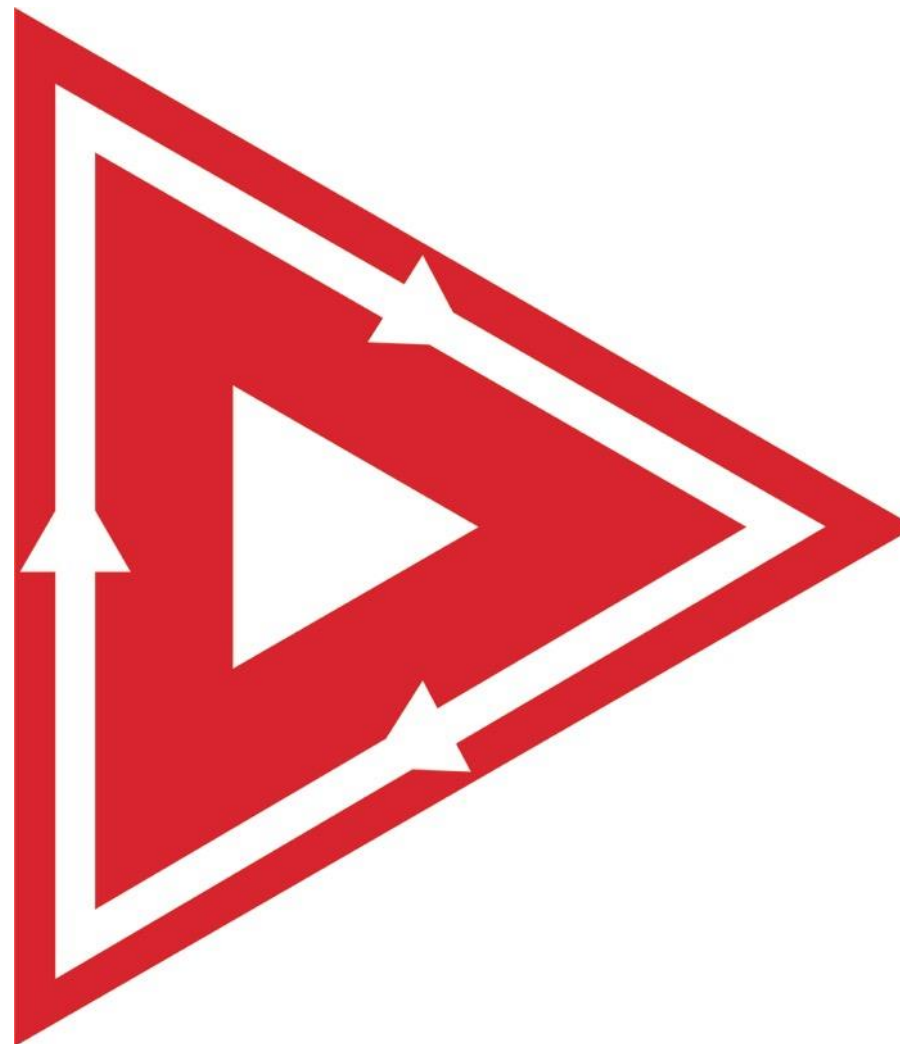


MAIN DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS OF WASTE MANAGEMENT

ORGANIC INVESTMENTS BETWEEN 2025-2030



THE MOL GROUP EQUITY STORY
CONSUMER SERVICES



A LEADING REGIONAL NETWORK



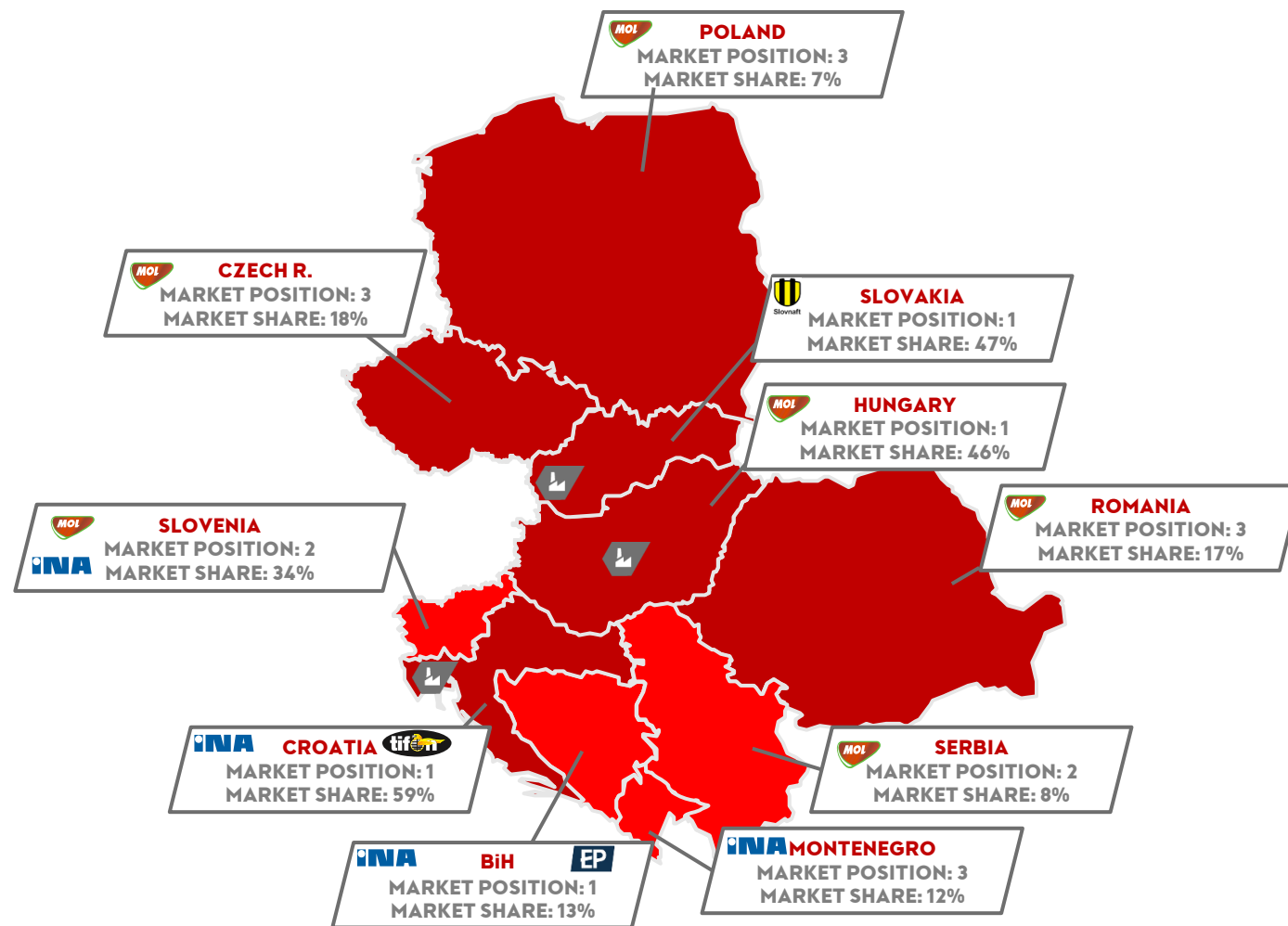
TOP 3

IN 100 % OF THE NETWORK

10 COUNTRIES

6 WELL ESTABLISHED BRANDS

2,300+ MOSTLY COCO / COCA
SERVICE STATIONS



CORE 6 COUNTRIES **REFINERY**

*2024 YE data, including DODO and DOFO stations

Source of the market share data is local, internal estimation and represent FY 2024 averages.
For Slovenia, MOL SLO and MOL&INA sold volume is taken into consideration compared to Statistical Office data

BECOME A DIGITALLY-DRIVEN CONSUMER GOODS RETAILER AND INTEGRATED, COMPLEX MOBILITY SERVICE PROVIDER BY 2030



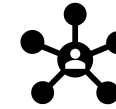
Regional leader in fuel and convenience retailing

- ▶ Expansion and optimization of the network in existing and entry into potential new markets in CEE
- ▶ Increase premium fuel penetration and maintain market share as appropriate for each market.
- ▶ Serve the emerging alternative fuel demand
- ▶ Broaden and strengthen the gastro and convenience offerings by building on our FMCG capabilities and differentiating offer



Continuous improvement of operational efficiency

- ▶ Strong standardization and digitalization of processes backed up by operational discipline
- ▶ Optimization of OPEX, supply chain and stock management
- ▶ Data-driven daily sales management and digitally enhanced operation execution



Diversification of sales channels

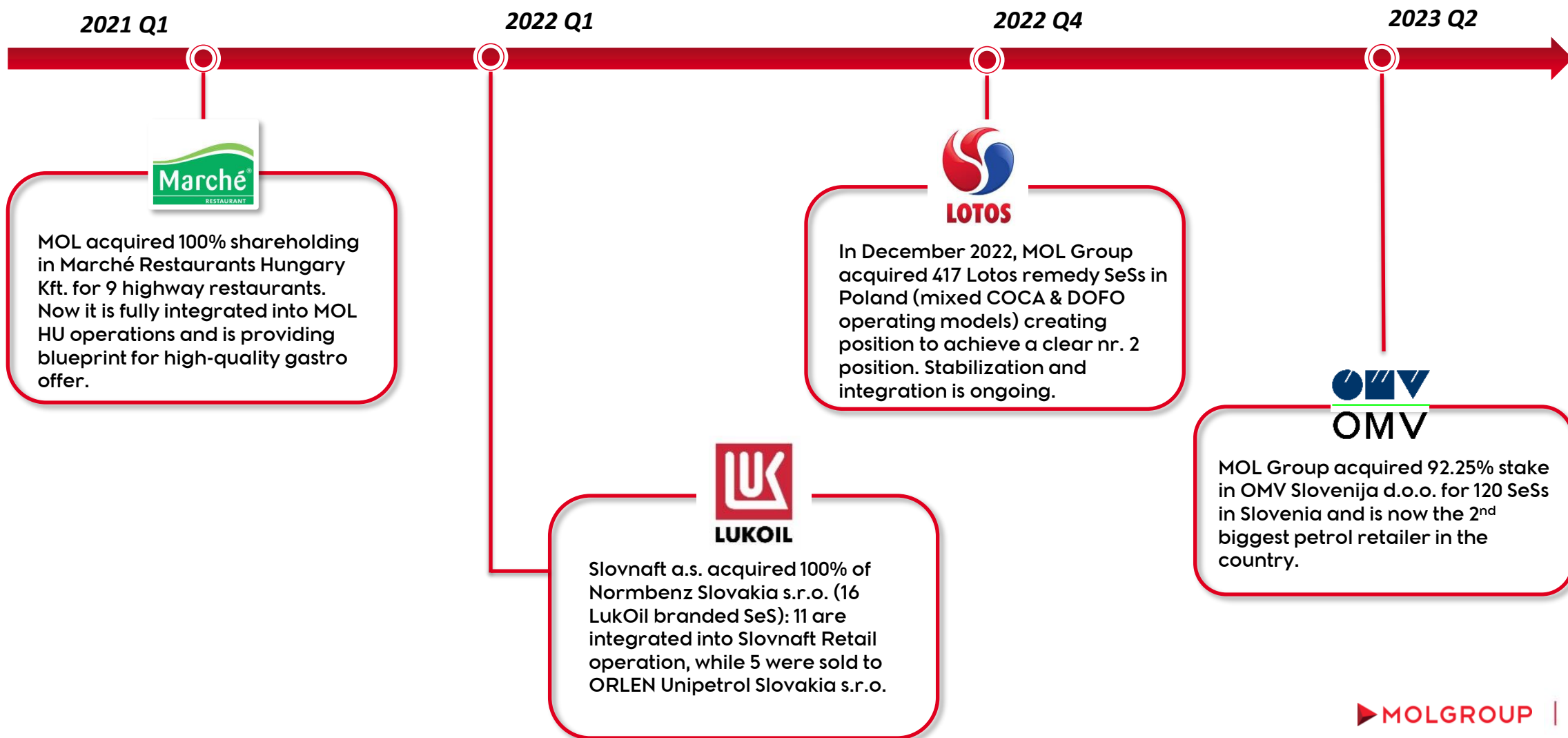
- ▶ Customer activation and retention via new digital loyalty rewards program
- ▶ Focus on exploiting synergies by bringing retail and mobility customers onto the same platform
- ▶ Leverage the scale of our digital loyalty platform to build a digital ecosystem
- ▶ Roll-out of standalone Fresh Corner Café concept and develop a franchise concept for market expansion

CONTINUOUS INTEGRATION OF SUSTAINABILITY OBJECTIVES



SIGNIFICANT PROGRESS MADE IN NETWORK EXPANSION SINCE 2021

ACQUIRING 500+ STATIONS IN THE REGION



CEE MARKET LEADER IN FUEL & CONVENIENCE RETAILING

EBITDA OF USD 1,000 MN TO BE DELIVERED BY 2030

	2025 original goals	2025 revised goals	2030 goals
mn EBITDA	USD ~700	USD ~730	USD 1,000
mn FCF IN 5 YEARS	USD~1,800	USD~2,000	USD~2,900
CONVENIENCE SALES INCREASE	63%	92%	183%
FUEL VOLUME INCREASE	42%	40%	43%
INCREASE IN ACTIVE LOYALTY CUSTOMERS	50%	50%	100%



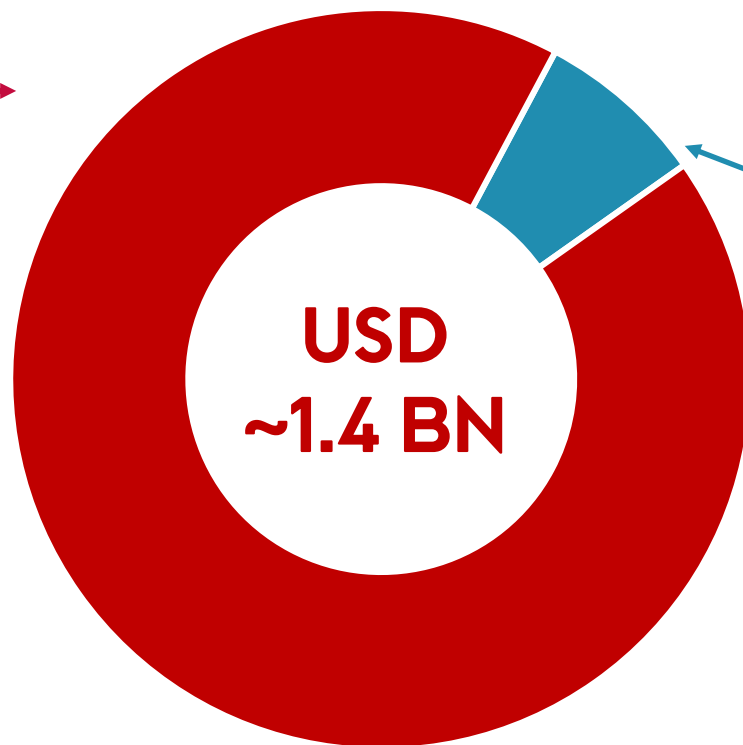
All % increase data are vs 2021A
Convenience sales category covers Gastro, Grocery and Forecourt non-fuel categories

ORGANIC CAPEX ALLOCATION 2025-2030



RETAIL

- ▶ Develop network further to keep and improve competitive position
- ▶ Integrate SeSs acquired in 2022-2023
- ▶ Continue rollout of Fresh Corner concept
- ▶ Further innovate with industry leading digital solutions
- ▶ Further standardize systems, operation processes



ALTERNATIVE FUEL & MOBILITY

- ▶ Expansion in EV-chargers, fleet and car-sharing services in line with market growth

CONTINUE PROFITABLE TRANSFORMATION TO BECOME A DIGITALLY DRIVEN CONSUMER RETAILER AND INTEGRATED MOBILITY PROVIDER

DIVERSIFICATION OF SALES CHANNELS

THROUGH DIGITAL TRANSFORMATION AND FRANCHISE OPERATION

2016-2020

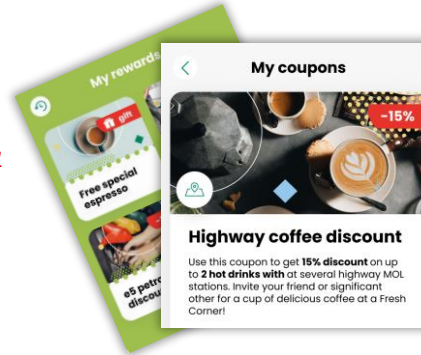
Digital and data-driven operation



- ▶ Supporting traditional loyalty programs with data analytics, improved campaign management and new digital channels (e.g. MOL Go app)
- ▶ Establishment of a new digital loyalty rewards program (already introduced in Croatia, Slovenia and Hungary)
- ▶ Strengthening digital execution with online, gamified learning and sales manager tool to boost sales

2021-2025

Synergies & platform building



- ▶ Start personalizing retail customers' journeys through the new Digital Loyalty program
- ▶ Focus on exploiting additional MOL Group synergies (e.g.: retail network and customers)
- ▶ New digital payment solutions to improve on-site customer experience

Beyond 2025

Step change



- ▶ Integrate retail and mobility to sell km instead of liters
- ▶ E-Commerce: new, convenient online sales channel & marketplace
- ▶ Roll-out of standalone Fresh Corner Café concept in a franchise model
- ▶ Become a multi-brand franchisor by entering different segments



SERVING THE EMERGING ALTERNATIVE FUEL NEED

TO COMPENSATE SHRINKING OPPORTUNITIES IN FOSSIL FUELS BEYOND 2030



2017-2024

**Foundations
in EV-
charging**



- ▶ Capability and knowledge building in the e-mobility sector
- ▶ Above 200 EV-chargers were installed in the region
- ▶ MOL Plugee brand and application were introduced for seamless customer experience



2025-2030

**Tailored growth
and service
developments**



- ▶ Improve services and business model, offer additional value-adding services
- ▶ Further grow customer base
- ▶ Reach new market and customer segments, test new concepts

**Beyond
2030**

**Step
change**



- ▶ Significant investments in EV-chargers and connected services
- ▶ Pilot projects in advanced technologies (e.g: improved charger station layouts, hydrogen fuel-cell based transport)
- ▶ Expected uptake in hydrogen fuel-cell vehicles, mainly in public transport and long-haul freight



MOBILITY SERVICES TO GROW FURTHER

AND EXPLOIT SYNERGIES THROUGH DIGITAL PLATFORMS

2017-2022 Start and capability building



- ▶ Capabilities built in B2C and B2B customer brands
- ▶ Focus on increasing synergies among mobility businesses:

600 mn+ already sold kilometers

~6.000 fleet cars

~100.000 car sharing users

~2500+ shared bikes



2023-2025 Synergies & platform building



- ▶ Building synergies between existing mobility capabilities and introducing new services
- ▶ Lay the foundation of a digital ecosystem in which MOL Group's mobility services and additional solutions are interconnected

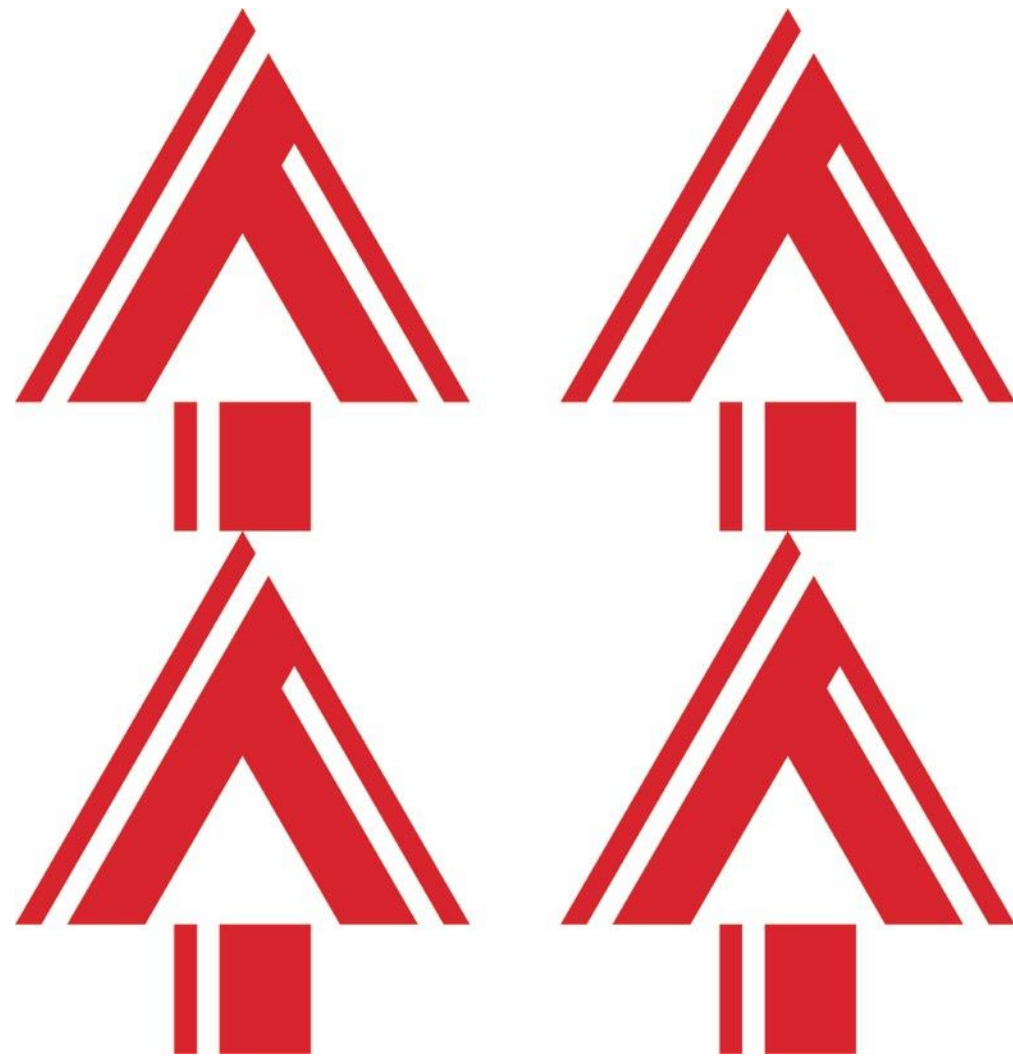
Beyond 2025 Step change



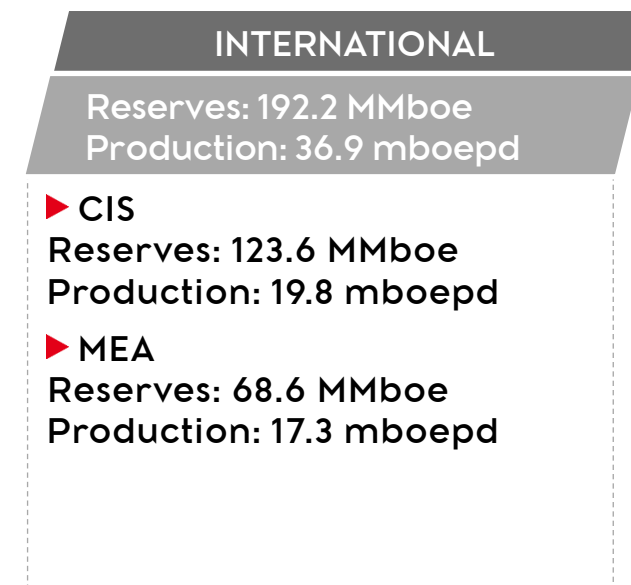
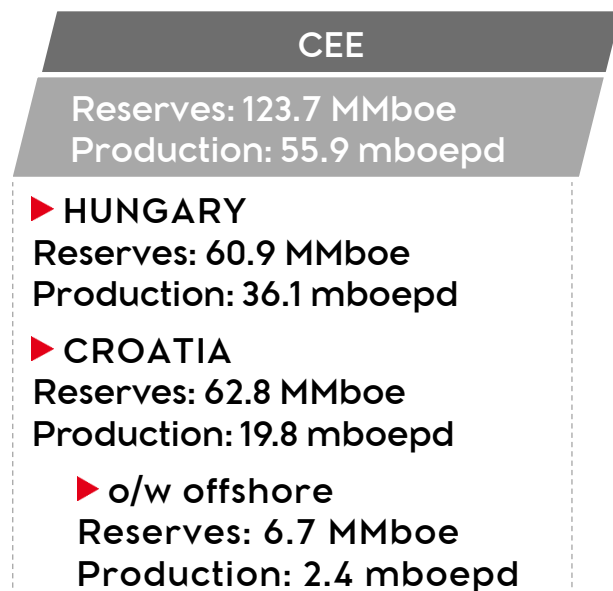
- ▶ Offering seamless, digitally integrated platform-based solutions for multimodal transportation
- ▶ Active tracking of potential businesses related to autonomous vehicles and transportation methods



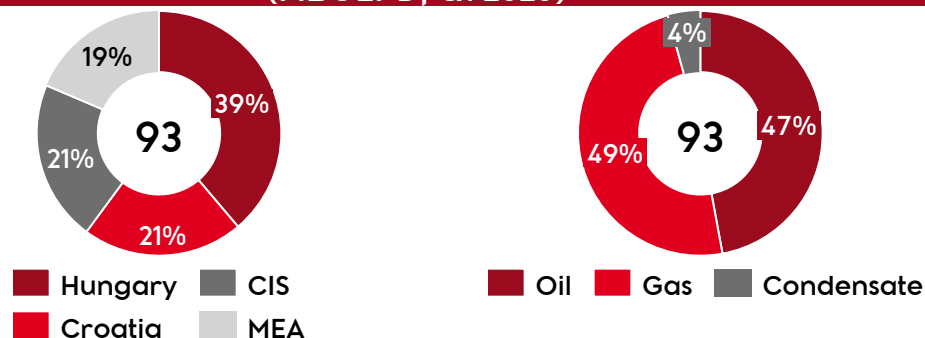
THE MOL GROUP EQUITY STORY
EXPLORATION AND PRODUCTION



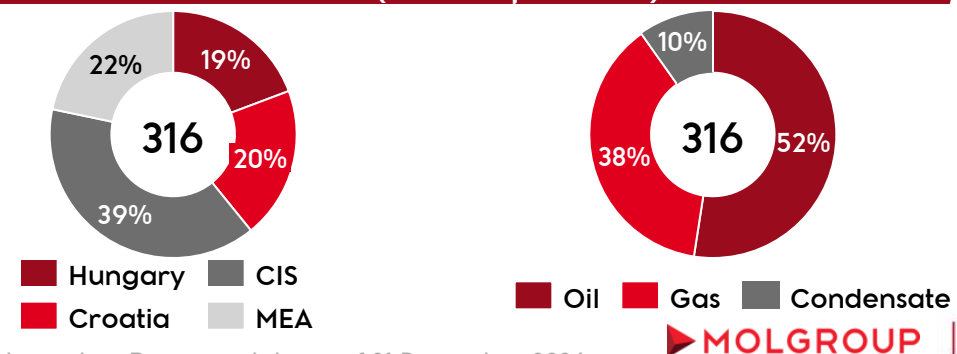
2P RESERVES AT 316 MMBOE WITH ~93 MBOEPD PRODUCTION



**PRODUCTION BY COUNTRIES AND PRODUCTS
(MBOEPD; Q1 2025)**



**RESERVES BREAKDOWN BY COUNTRIES AND
PRODUCTS (MMBOE; YE 2024)**



Notes: Group production figures include consolidated assets, JVs and associates and are of the latest quarter. Reserves data as of 31 December 2024.

THREE KEY PILLARS OF REVISED 2030 STRATEGY

1



CEE OPTIMIZATION & SYNERGIES

- ▶ **E&P to support energy supply security in the CEE region by optimization and smartly using synergies:**
 - Enhance the **cross-border cooperation** between MOL and INA
 - Optimizing Infrastructure
 - **Energy efficiency** improvement
 - **Wells and operation cost** optimization

2



INTERNATIONAL

- ▶ **E&P to strengthen its international portfolio:**
 - **Sustain & develop** our international portfolio
 - Establish **strategic partnerships**
 - Provide the **optimal resource and production level** & offset production decline
 - Utilize specific internal capabilities (mature field management, production optimization, cost efficient onshore drilling)

3



LOW CARBON

- ▶ **E&P to contribute to MOL Group decarbonization strategy:**
 - **Geothermal:** utilizing E&P competence
 - **Lithium:** launched pilot project in Hungary, looking for further targets
 - Complying with **methane** EU regulation and **Carbon Capture and Storage (CCS)**



COMPETITIVE OPERATION, DIVERSE PORTFOLIO & LAUNCHING OF LOW CARBON

GUIDANCE FOR 2025-2030

≥ 90 MBOEPD

Production guidance

USD~6-8/BOE

Unit direct production cost

USD 2bn

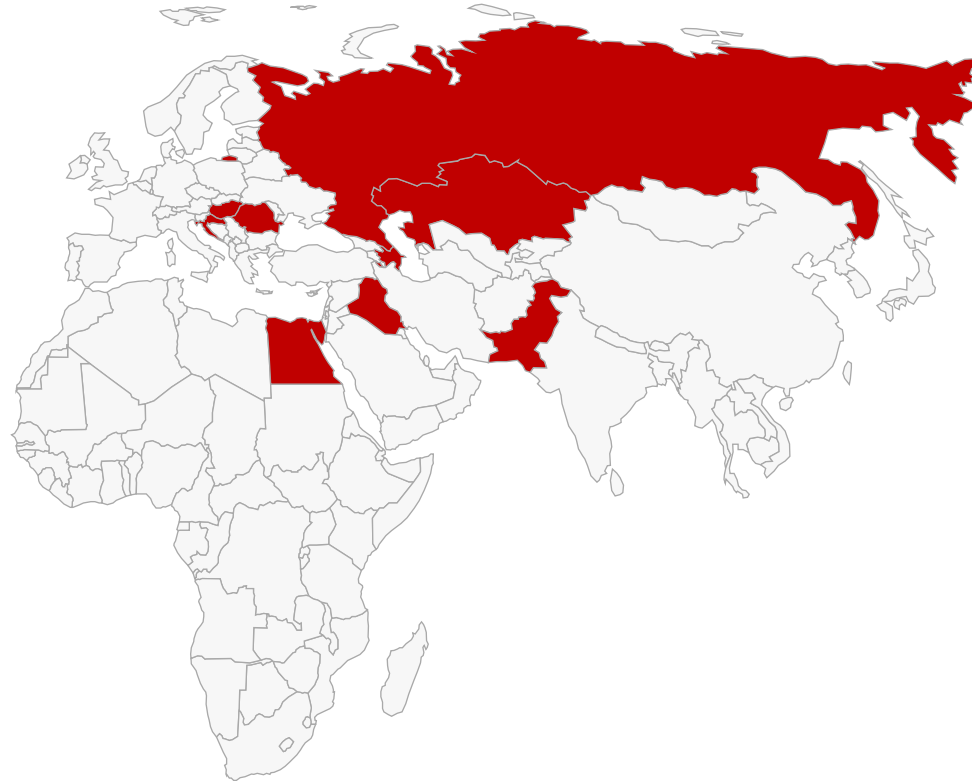
Organic CAPEX^{1,2}

≥ 20 USD/BOE

Unit Simplified Free Cash Flow^{1,2}

Low Carbon

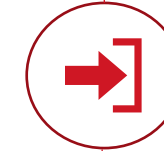
Launching new projects



E&P 2030 PILLARS



CEE Optimization & Synergies



International



Low Carbon



(1) Excluding equity consolidated assets

(2) Excluding inorganic investments necessary for maintaining 90 MBOEPD production level

LOW CARBON FOCUS AREAS

GEOTHERMAL

- ▶ Material electricity generation
- ▶ Production to support MOL facilities directly or contribute to Upstream's hedge function indirectly
- ▶ Production expected to start ~2029

METHANE REGULATION

- ▶ Zero routine flaring
- ▶ Deployment of monitoring and detection systems
- ▶ CAPEX effects mainly 2024-2025

LITHIUM

- ▶ Lithium extraction pilot project to be launched in 2024 in Pusztaföldvár
- ▶ Examination of novel Direct Lithium Extraction technologies
- ▶ Expected production launch date 2028

CARBON CAPTURE & STORAGE

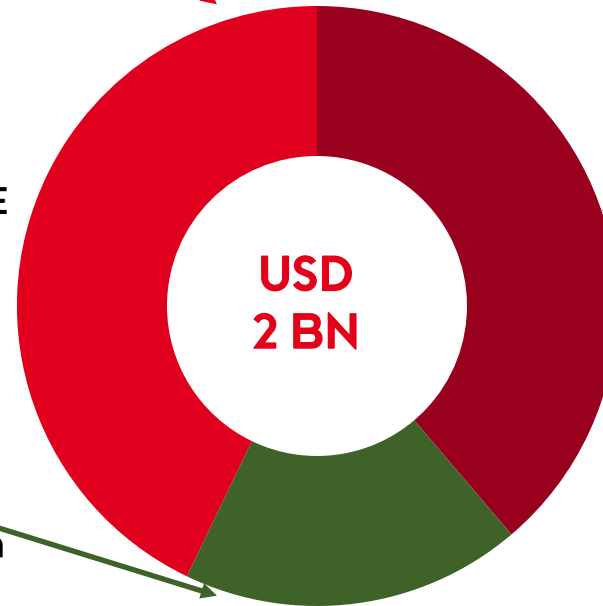
- ▶ Feasibility studies for several locations across Hungary and Croatia ongoing
- ▶ Discussions with potential partners in CO2 injections underway



E&P CAPEX¹ ALLOCATION FOR 2025-2030

CEE OPTIMIZATION & SYNERGIES

- ▶ Maximize the value in operating mature fields
- ▶ Focus on Production Optimization and Enhanced Oil/Gas Recovery programs
- ▶ Cost efficiency and realize synergies in CEE



INTERNATIONAL

- ▶ Maximize the value of existing fields with stable profitability and production as long as economically rationale

LOW CARBON

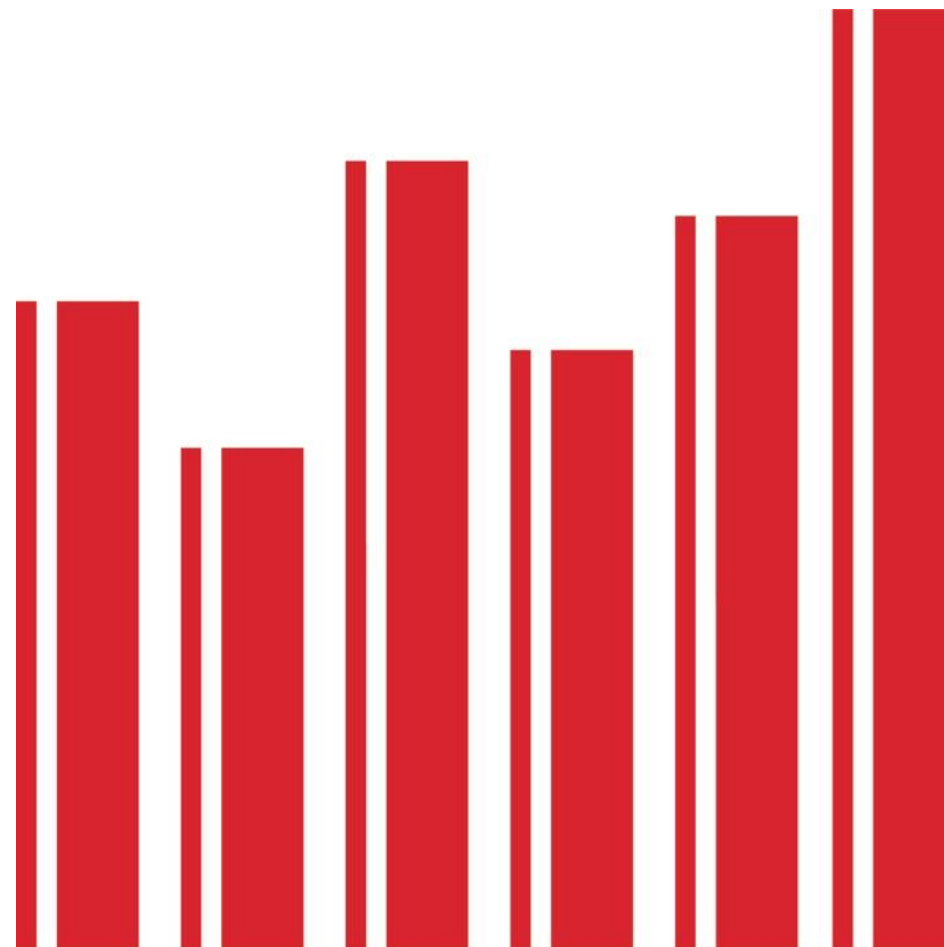
- ▶ Contribute to MOL Group decarbonization strategy
- ▶ Create partnerships/JVs to de-risk execution

PORTFOLIO DIVERSIFICATION AND HIGHGRADING



(1) Excluding equity consolidated assets

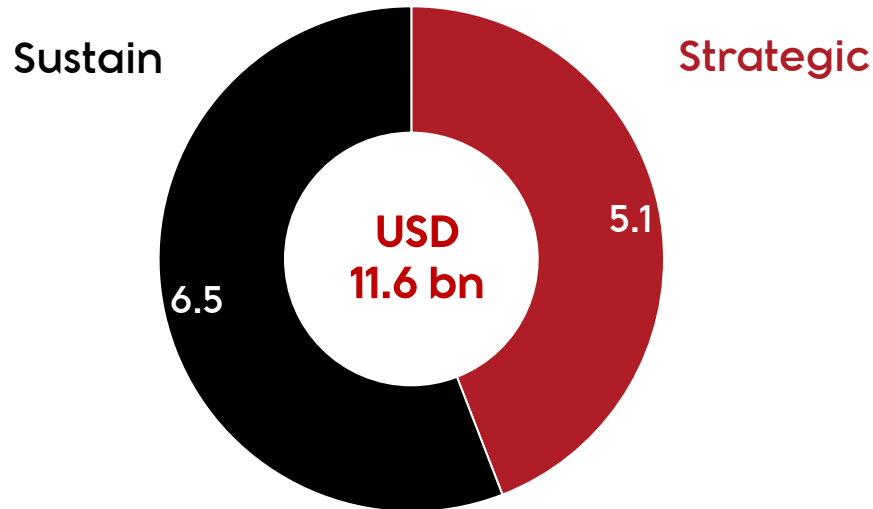
FINANCIALS



TOTAL ORGANIC CAPEX TO RISE TO USD ~12 BN IN 2025-2030

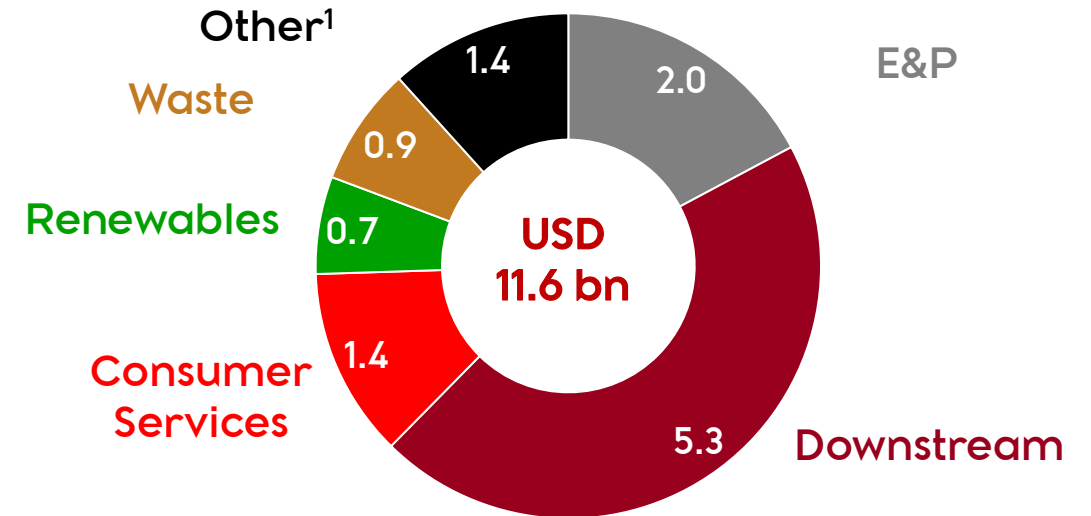
HIGH SHARE OF STRATEGIC INVESTMENTS WITHIN THE TOTAL BUDGET

ORGANIC CAPEX (2025-30)



- ▶ Sustain CAPEX roughly in line with 2018-2023 period as the effect of a growing asset base is offset by better sustain efficiency
- ▶ Strategic investments include supply security, petchemisation and low carbon initiatives facilitating MOL's green transition

ORGANIC CAPEX DISTRIBUTION (2025-30)

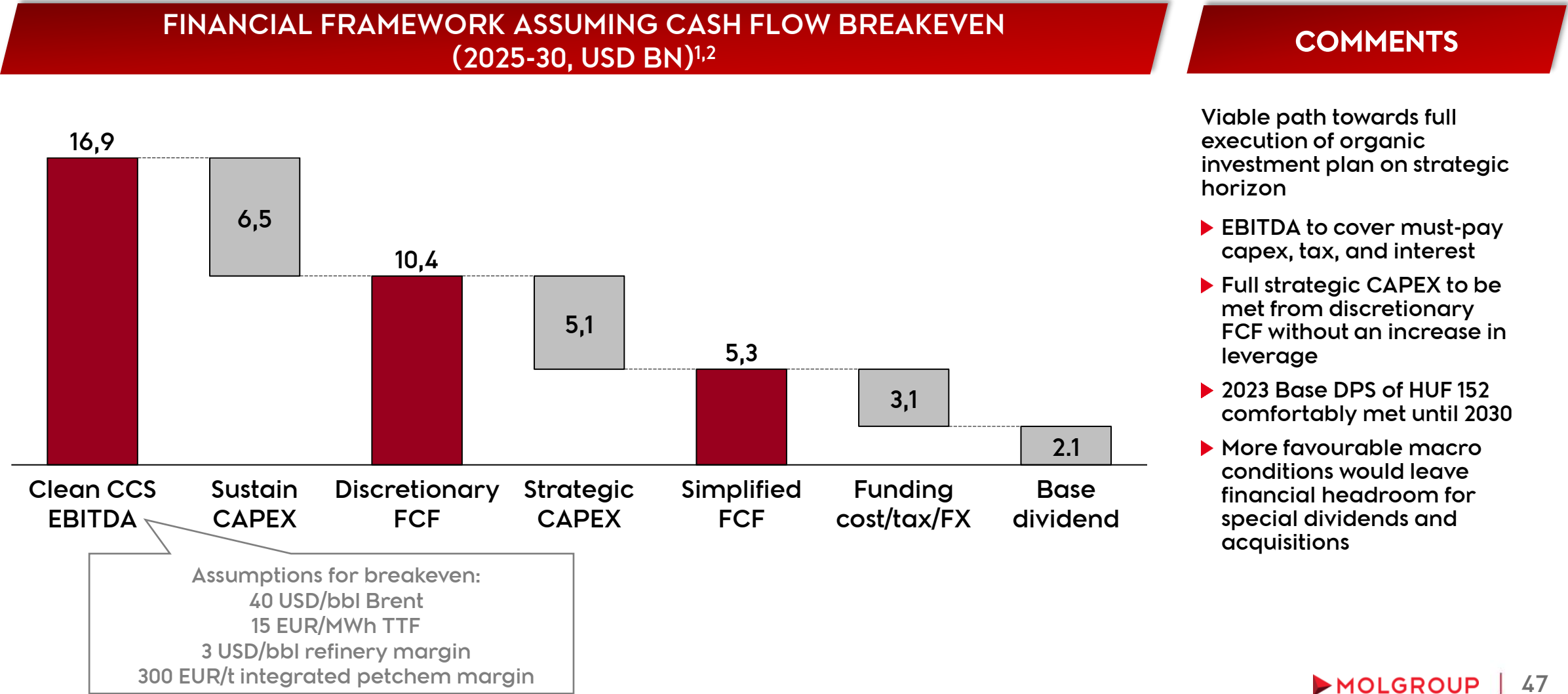


- ▶ Annual distribution of this CAPEX pool may fluctuate along with project timelines, approvals
- ▶ Additional CAPEX pool may be available to fund the low-carbon transition and/or M&A if 1) excess cash is generated due to a stronger-than-assumed macro environment and 2) financially attractive projects reach FID phase

(1) Other includes Midstream, Oil Field Services and Management & Services

FULLY FUNDED TRANSFORMATION AND BASE DIVIDENDS IN 2025-30

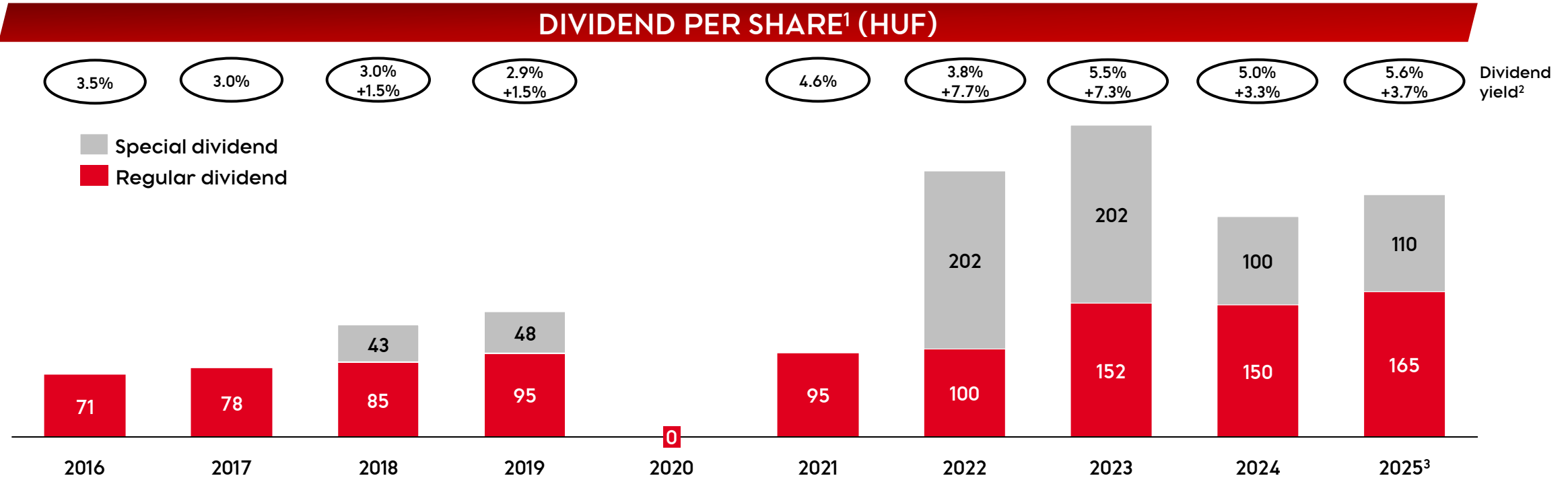
EVEN AT CONSERVATIVE MACRO ASSUMPTIONS



(1) Excluding M&A, changes in working capital
(2) Excluding the impact of price caps and changes in the windfall taxation and regulatory environment

DIVIDEND REFLECTING OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE

2025: BASE DIVIDEND AND EXTRA DIVIDEND RAISED BY 10% TO HUF 275 IN TOTAL



- ▶ Cash dividend remains the primary distribution channel
- ▶ Base dividend is expected to grow gradually
- ▶ Special dividend payments may continue if excess cash is generated, and transition-related capex need is covered
- ▶ Dividend proposal continues to be determined at the discretion of the Board

(1) Restated to reflect post share split values

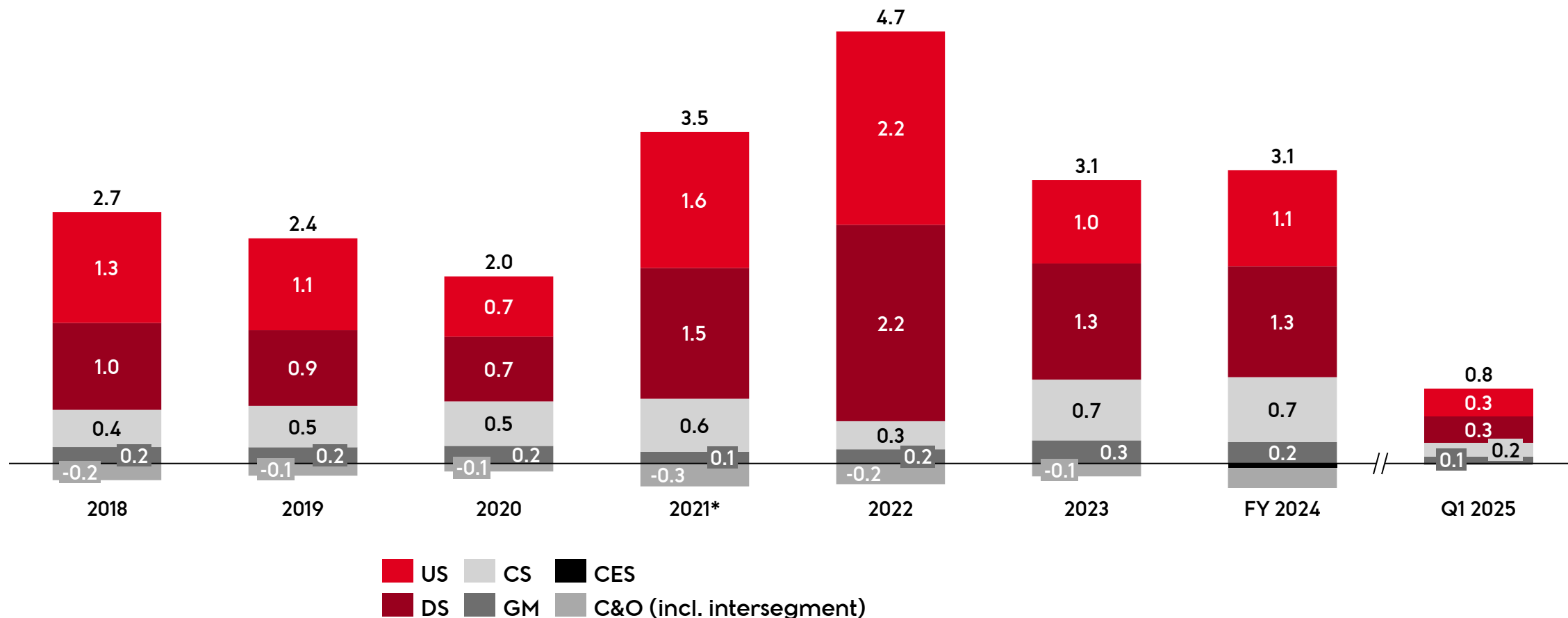
(2) Calculated with publication date (AGM) share prices

(3) Actual per share dividend to be determined based on number of Treasury shares at record date.

STRONG PERFORMANCE DESPITE MACRO HEADWINDS

UPSTREAM, DOWNSTREAM, AND CONSUMER SERVICES ALL CONTRIBUTE SIGNIFICANTLY

CLEAN CCS EBITDA (USD BN)

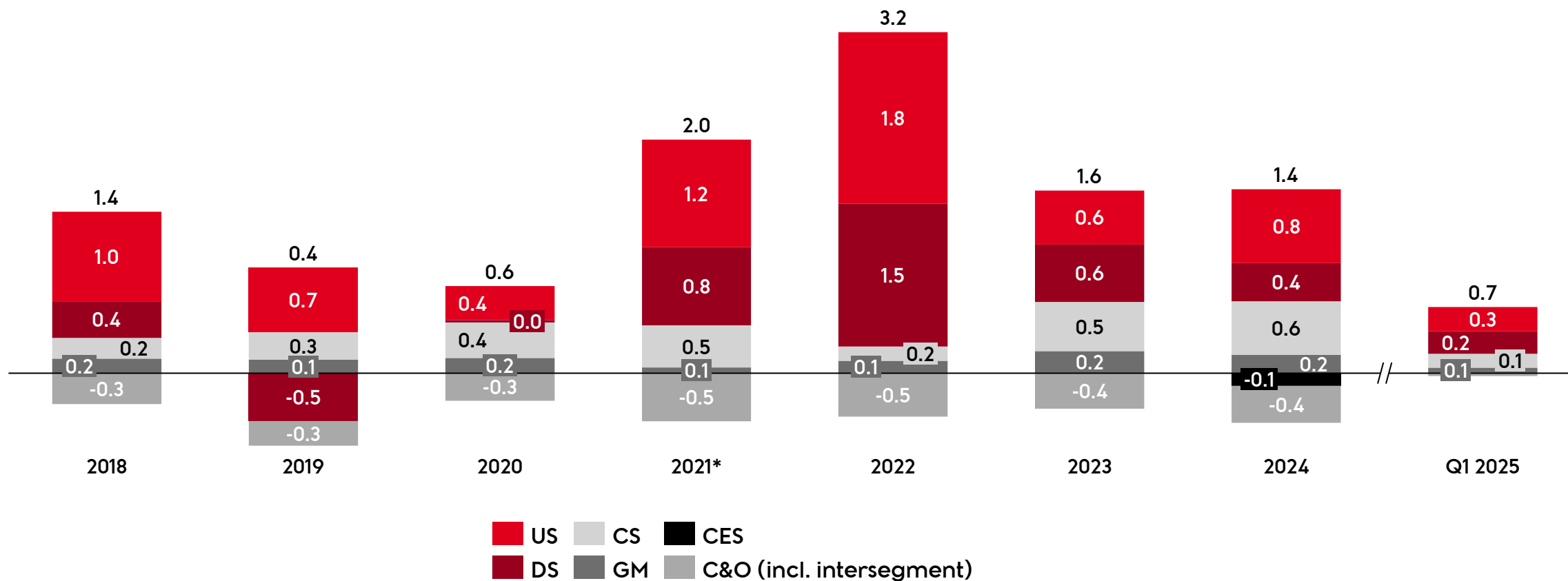


*2021 results include discontinued operation

CONSISTENT SIMPLIFIED FCF GENERATION

FUNDING SUSTAIN AND TRANSFORMATIONAL PROJECTS

SIMPLIFIED FCF (USD BN) ¹



(1) Simplified Free Cash Flow = Clean CCS EBITDA – Organic CAPEX

*2021 results include discontinued operation

EBITDA SENSITIVITIES VS 10 YEAR MACRO HISTORY

MACRO CONDITIONS

	2021	2022	2023	2024	10Y AVG
Brent crude (USD/bbl)	71	101	83	81	68
Natgas price (TTF 1M, EUR/MWh)	46	131	41	35	34
MOL Group refinery margin (Brent based, USD/bbl)	4.1	8.4	9.0	6.1	5.6
MOL Group petchem margin (EUR/t)	720	481	144	206	475
ETS carbon price (EUR/t)	53	81	90	65	31

CCS EBITDA SENSITIVITY TO KEY EXTERNAL DRIVERS

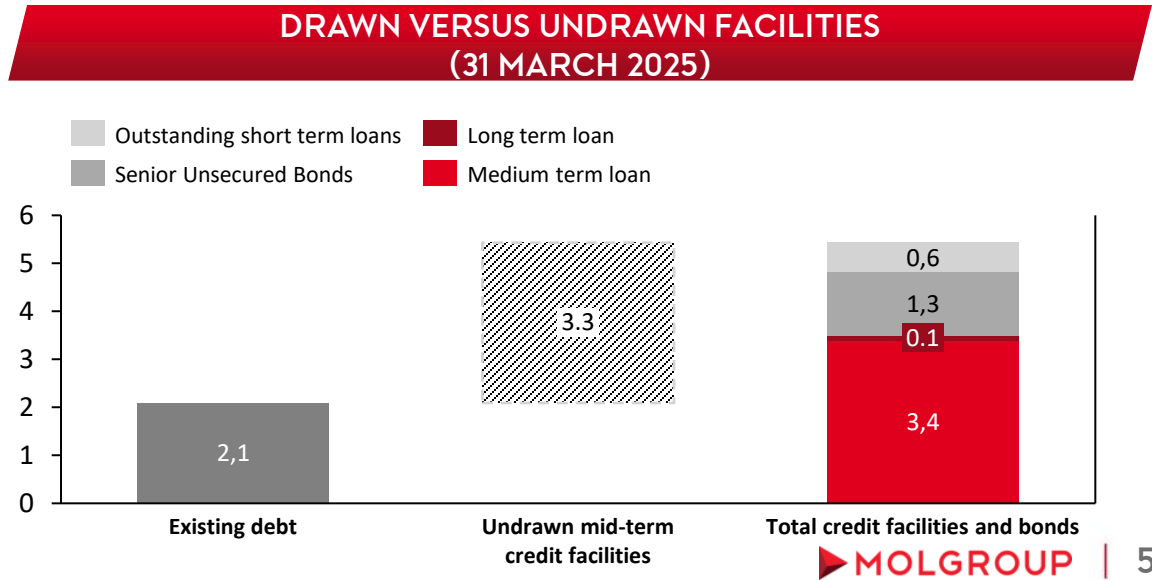
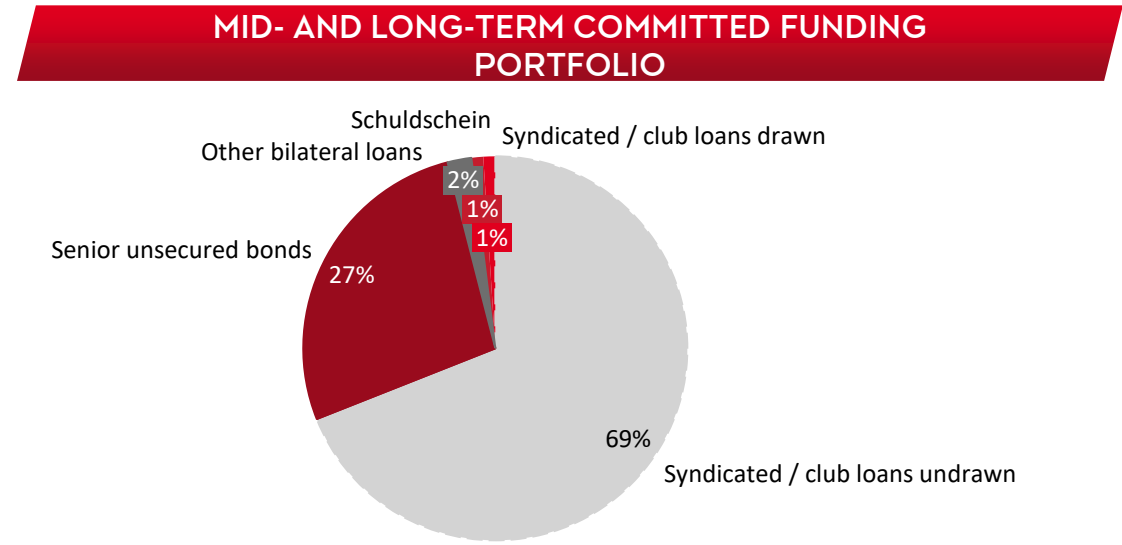
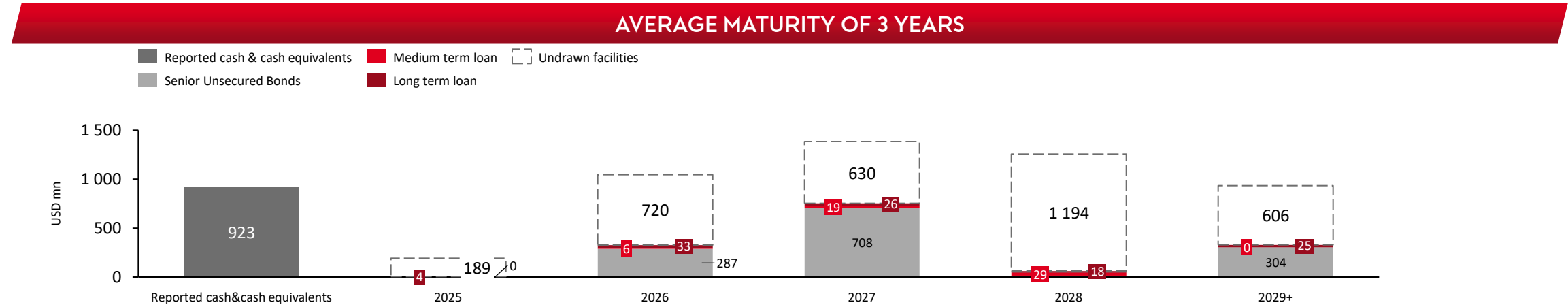
Sensitivity	Est. Clean CCS EBITDA impact (USD mn)		% of Group EBITDA 2024
	Downstream Upstream		
+ 10 USD/bbl Brent price	(35)	118	2.7%
+ 10 EUR/MWh Gas price (TTF)	(109)	126	0.6%
+ 1 USD/bbl MOL Group refinery margin		106	3.5%
+ EUR 100/t MOL Group petchem margin		117	3.8%
+ 10 EUR/t ETS CO2 price	(21)		(0.7%)

Notes:

- Sensitivity calculation; ceteris paribus for current assets assuming full re-pricing of the portfolio; all other premises and volumes remain unchanged
- Based on 2024 data and asset base
- E&P: gas price sensitivity refers to directly spot gas linked portfolio
- DS : Refinery margin refers to original methodology, CO2 sensitivity assumes unchanged ETS quota allocation

AMPLE FINANCIAL HEADROOM

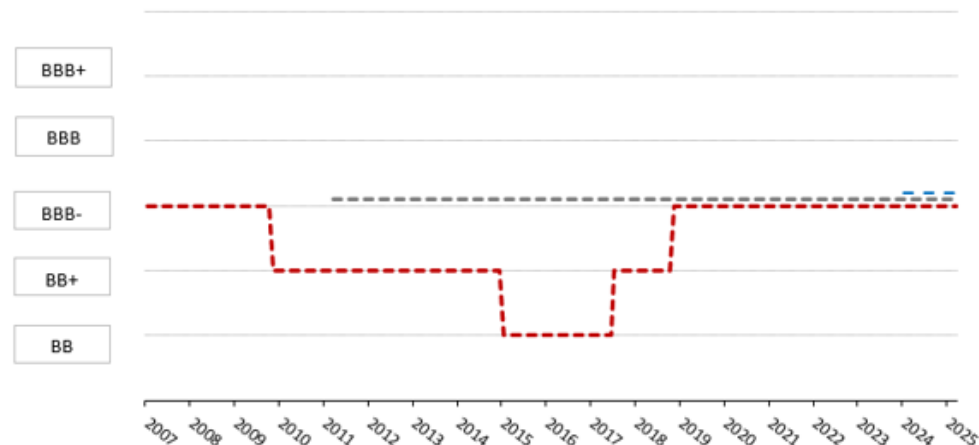
FROM DIVERSIFIED FUNDING SOURCES



FULL INVESTMENT GRADE RATING MAINTAINED

ROBUST BALANCE SHEET WITH AMPLE FINANCIAL HEADROOM

HISTORICAL FOREIGN LONG TERM RATINGS

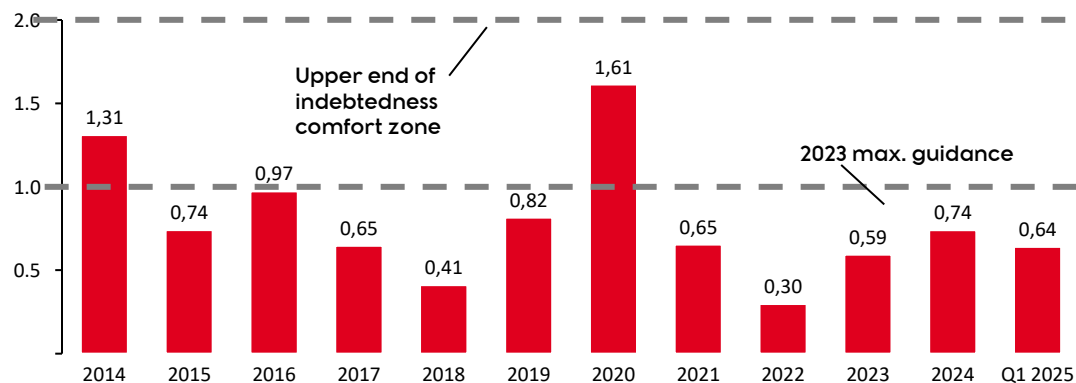


Note: S&P has been rating MOL since 2005, Fitch since 2010

COMMENTS

- ▶ In May 2024 Fitch affirmed MOL's 'BBB-' long-term investment grade credit rating and kept the 'stable' outlook unchanged
- ▶ In November 2024 Standard & Poor's performed annual review and made no changes to MOL's investment grade rating of BBB- with stable outlook
- ▶ In March 2024 Scope Ratings published MOL's BBB- investment grade credit rating with positive outlook

NET DEBT TO EBITDA (X)



COMMENTS

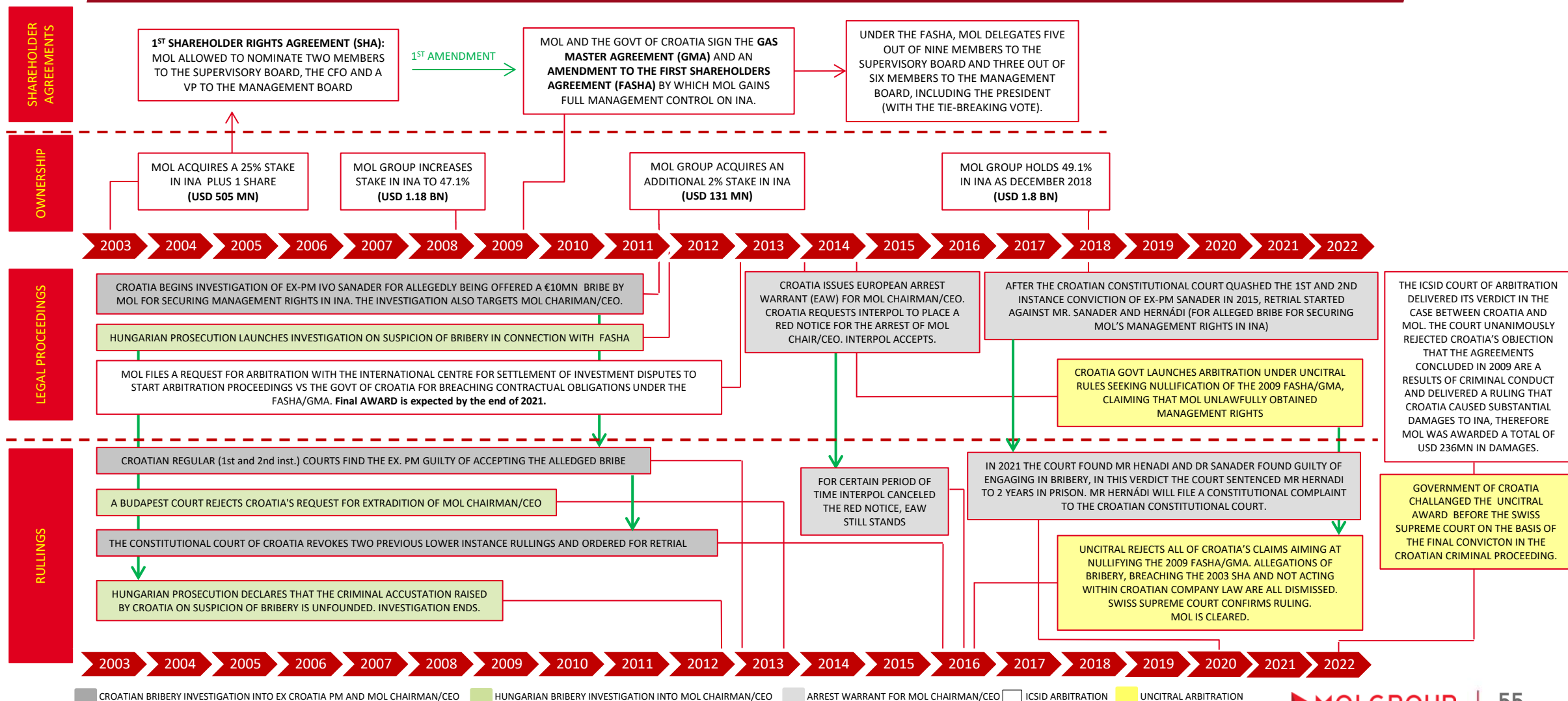
- ▶ Credit metrics shall remain commensurate with investment grade credit rating
- ▶ Following a temporary jump in 2020 leverage fell below pre-ACG acquisition levels on the back of strong CF generation
- ▶ Balance sheet flexibility may in the future again be used to grab new business opportunities (including funding M&A in all businesses)

SUPPORTING SLIDES



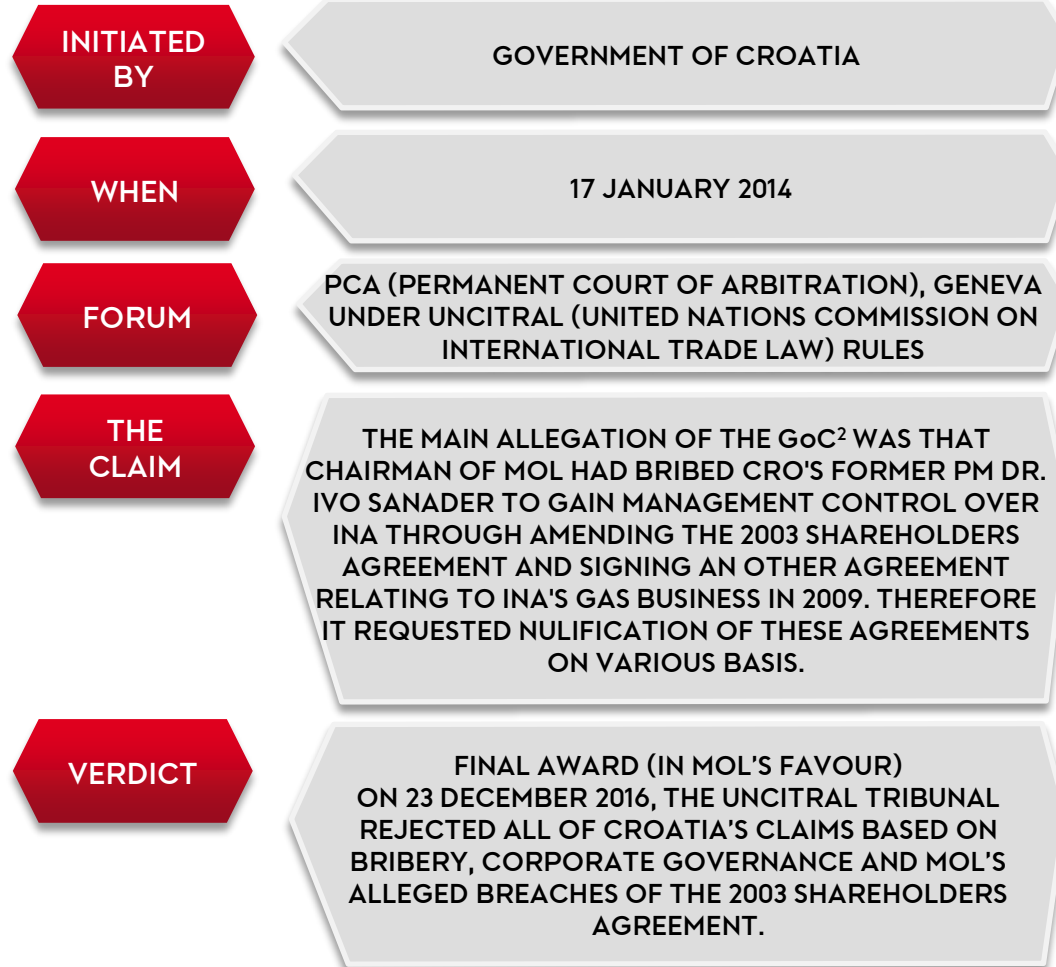
THE HISTORY OF INA & MOL, 2003-

STORYLINE



MOL-CROATIA ARBITRATIONS

UNCITRAL ARBITRATION (CROATIA VS. MOL)



ICSID ARBITRATION (MOL VS. CROATIA)



(1) 2009 Agreements refers to FASHA (First Amendment to the Shareholders Agreement), GMA (Gas Master Agreement) and FAGMA (First Amendment to the Gas Master Agreement)

(2) The Government of Croatia

TOP MANAGEMENT INCENTIVE SCHEMES

FOR EXECUTIVE MEMBERS, AROUND 2/3 OF TOTAL REMUNERATION IS VARIABLE AND PERFORMANCE DRIVEN, WITH NON-FINANCIAL KPIS INCLUDING GHG GOAL ALSO INCLUDED

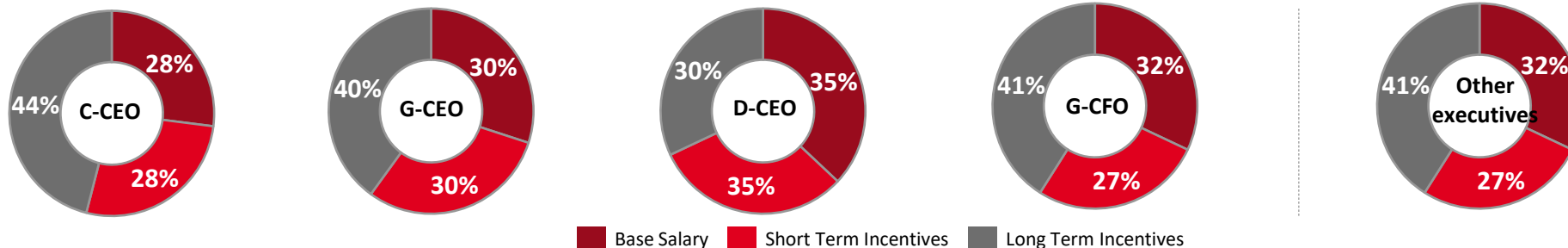
SHORT-TERM INCENTIVES

- ▶ Bonus opportunity between 0.70x and 1x of annual base salary, depending on the job level (Hay grades)
- ▶ Payout linked to yearly performance based on financial, operational and individual measures:
 - ▶ **Financial measures:** MOL Group level EBITDA and other relevant financial indicators such as efficiency, investment and cost-related indicators to achieve the 2030 strategic targets of MOL Group for Chief Executives' Committee members, on operative and financial measures reflecting annual priorities and the strategic direction of each business division within the framework of the Group's long-term strategy
 - ▶ **Non-financial measures:** Safety included as a number one Group priority (TRIR), GHG emission target is included as of 2024
- ▶ In MOL Hungary, managers can enter a voluntary short-term share ownership program instead of the regular performance management system (bonus scheme) to further strengthen the alignment between the interest of our shareholders

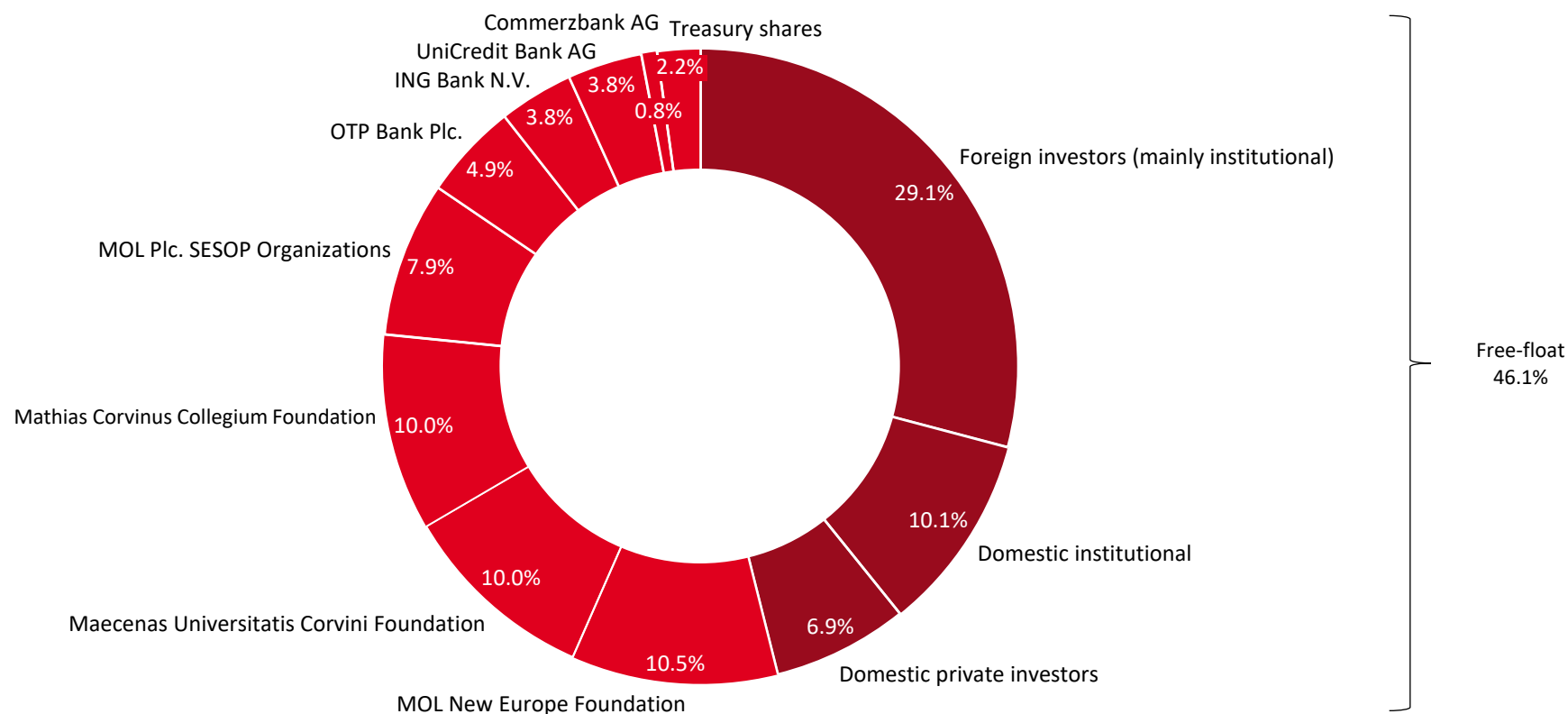
LONG-TERM INCENTIVE

- ▶ As of 1 January, 2021 a new, simple long-term incentive program, the Restricted Share Plan was launched replacing the former Absolute Share Value Based and Relative Market Index Based Plans
- ▶ It's a 3-year long plan, payment is in the 4th year, starts each year
- ▶ Base entitlement is defined MOL shares in line with management level
- ▶ The program is performance driven: base entitlement is multiplied by company performance (MOL Clean CCS EBITDA without threshold) and individual performance up to 150%) of the 1st year of the program
- ▶ Dividend equivalent is also incorporated into the final remuneration taking closer the executives to the shareholders interests
- ▶ Generally, in MOL Hungary, payout of the incentive is due in MOL shares in order to further strengthen the alignment between the interest of our shareholders and MOL management.

REMUNERATION MIX



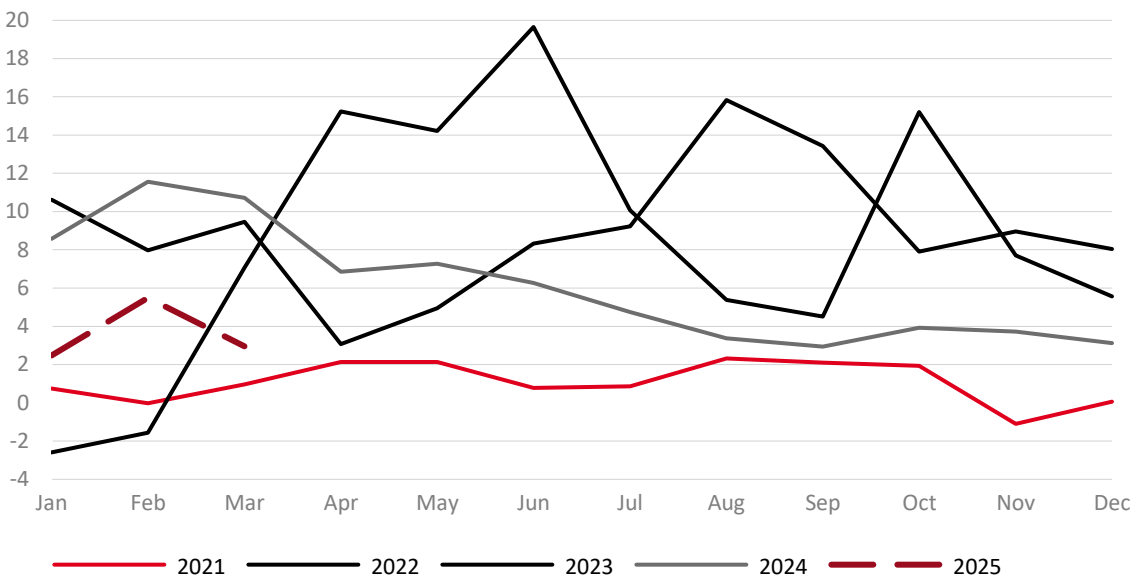
SHAREHOLDER STRUCTURE¹



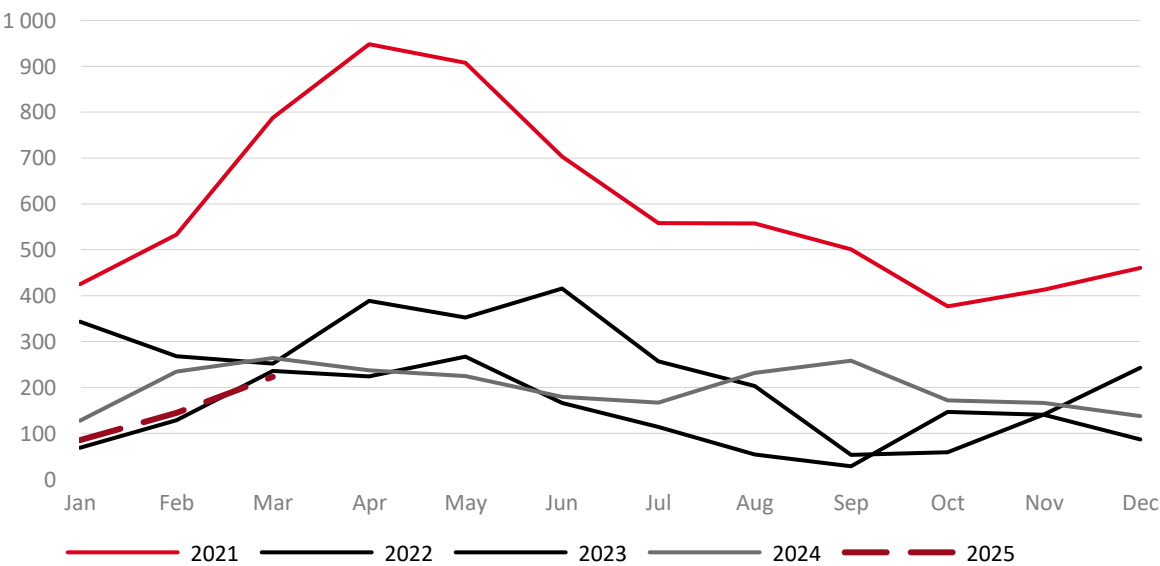
(1) Shareholder structure based on the share register as of 31 March 2025, and the shareholders notifications about changes in voting rights

MOL GROUP REFINERY AND PETCHEM MARGINS

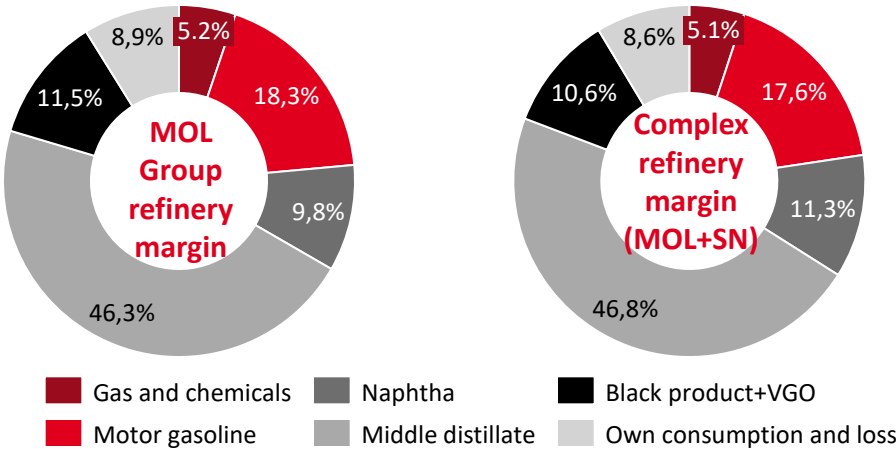
BRENT-BASED MOL GROUP REFINERY MARGIN¹ (USD/bbl)



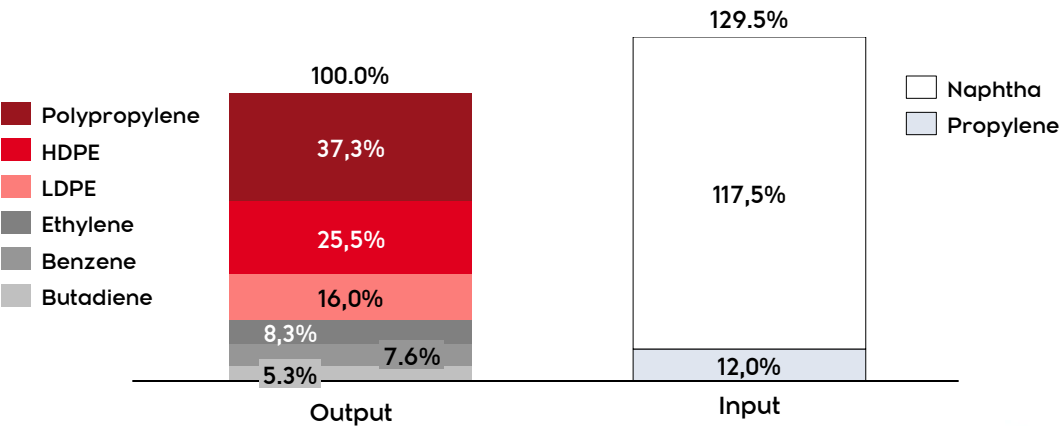
PETROCHEMICALS MARGIN (EUR/t)²



IMPLIED YIELDS



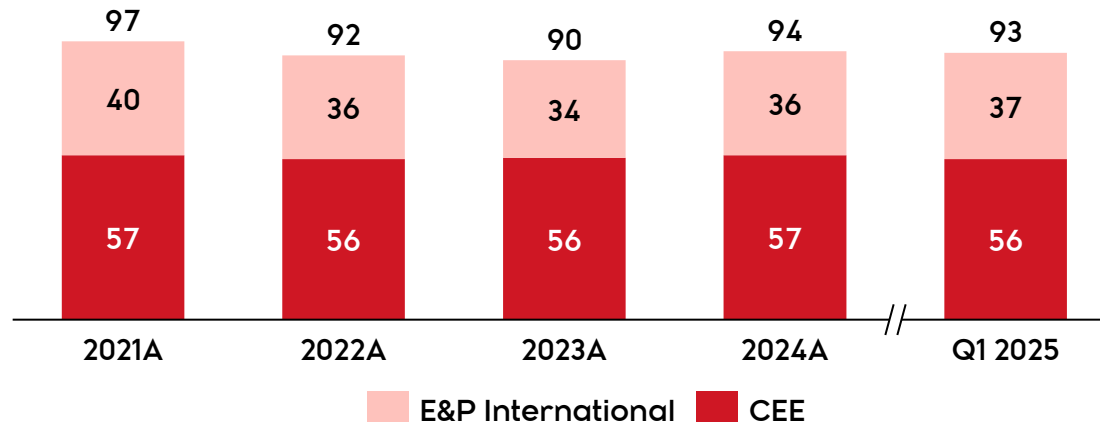
IMPLIED YIELDS AND FEEDSTOCK



(1) Based on weighted Solomon refinery yields, contains cost of purchased energy
(2) Variable MOL Group Petrochemical Margin which incorporates energy costs and CO2 quotas

93.8 MBOEPD DELIVERED IN 2024 IN LINE WITH GUIDANCE

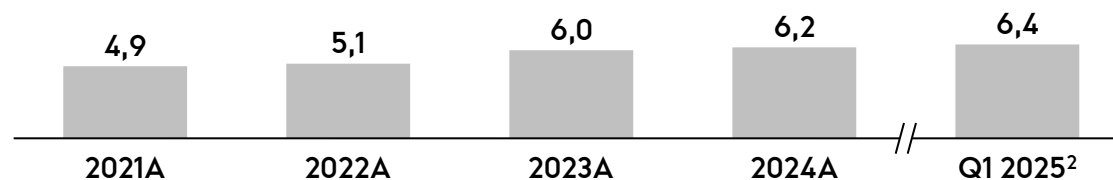
PRODUCTION¹ (MBOEPD)



COMMENT

- ▶ Q1 2025 production is ~93 mboepd, guidance 92-94 mboepd for FY 2025
- ▶ Production in Hungary decreased somewhat mainly due to outages resulting from colder weather than usual.
- ▶ in Croatia baseline decline in onshore assets results in lower production
- ▶ Contribution from Kazakhstan was lower in Q1 2025 due to 2 wells temporarily that resulted in lower production levels. Shaikan production is higher due to the end to the maintenance

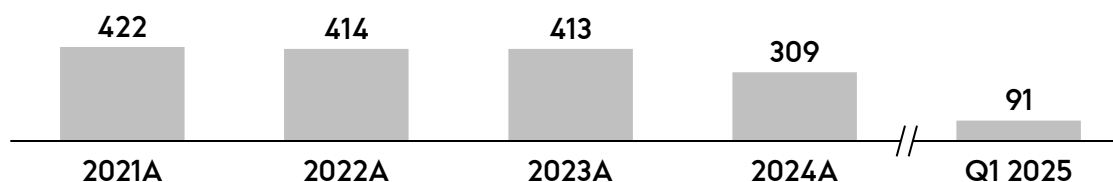
UNIT DIRECT PRODUCTION COST¹ (USD/BOE)



COMMENT

- ▶ Q1 group unit OPEX showed a limited increase due to strict cost control and favourable evolution of energy prices

CAPEX¹ (USD MN)



COMMENT

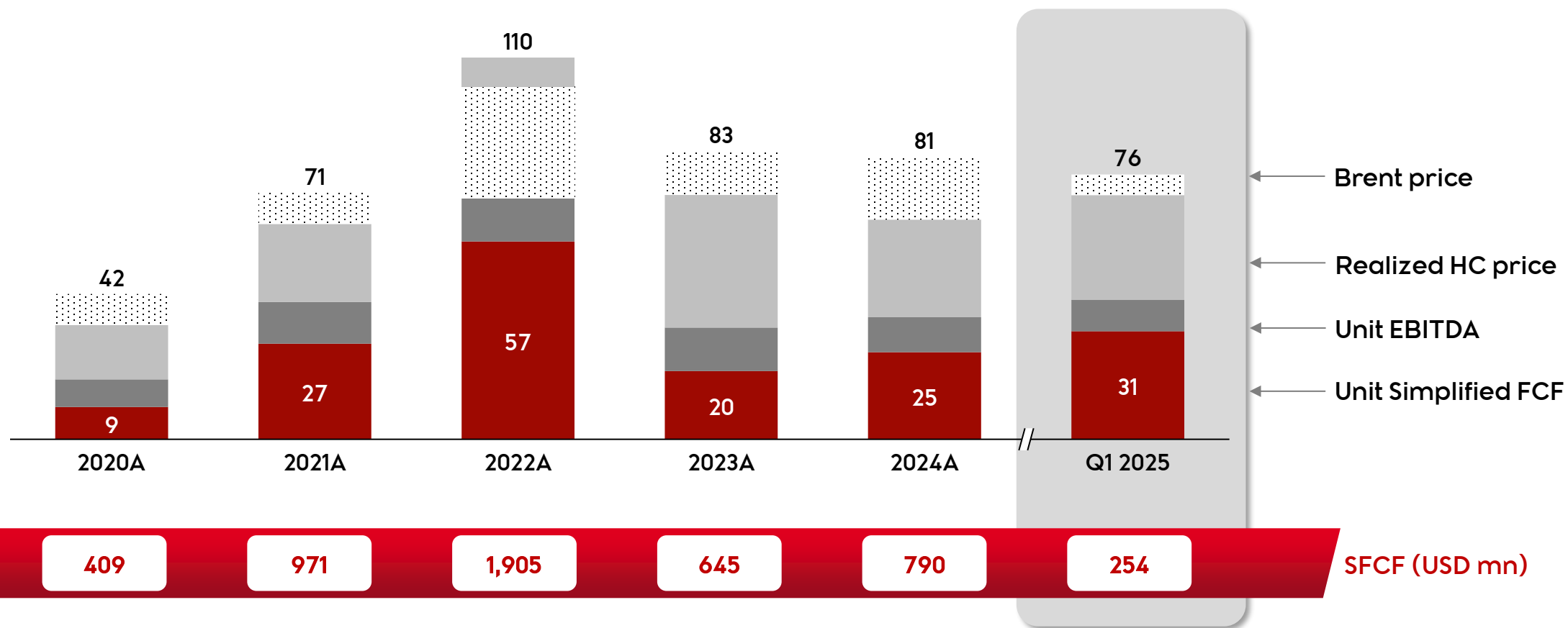
- ▶ Organic CAPEX showed decrease year-on-year due to the ACE investment in Azerbaijan in the base period of 2024 and less front-loaded work schedules in 2025



(1) Figures include consolidated assets, JVs and associates (Baitex, Pearl, BTC, UOG, OGD)
 (2) Pro forma figures adjusting for CAPEX-OPEX reclassification

UNIT FREE CASH FLOW AT 31 USD/BBL IN Q1 2025

PRICE REALIZATION, EBITDA, SIMPLIFIED FCF^{1,2} (USD/BOE)



1 Simplified free cash flow = EBITDA less Organic CAPEX; Norway tax refund effect excluded; Entitlement production basis; figures include equity assets and ACG/BTC contribution from 16th April 2020

2 Breakdown of price realization and SFCF figures exclude results of discontinued operations, as of 01.01.2021.

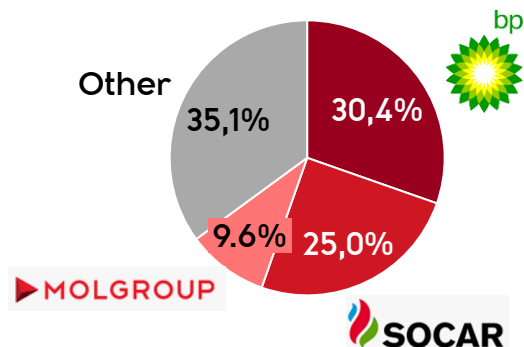
ACG: STRONG CONTRIBUTION CONTINUES IN 2024

PERFORMANCE AND ASSET SUMMARY

367 mboepd (gross)³

- ▶ Very strong cash generation on the back of high oil prices
- ▶ ACE project (7th production platform) achieved First Oil in April 2024 and started production
- ▶ Non-associated gas agreement signed in Sept 2024 to access ~4,000 bcf gas resource

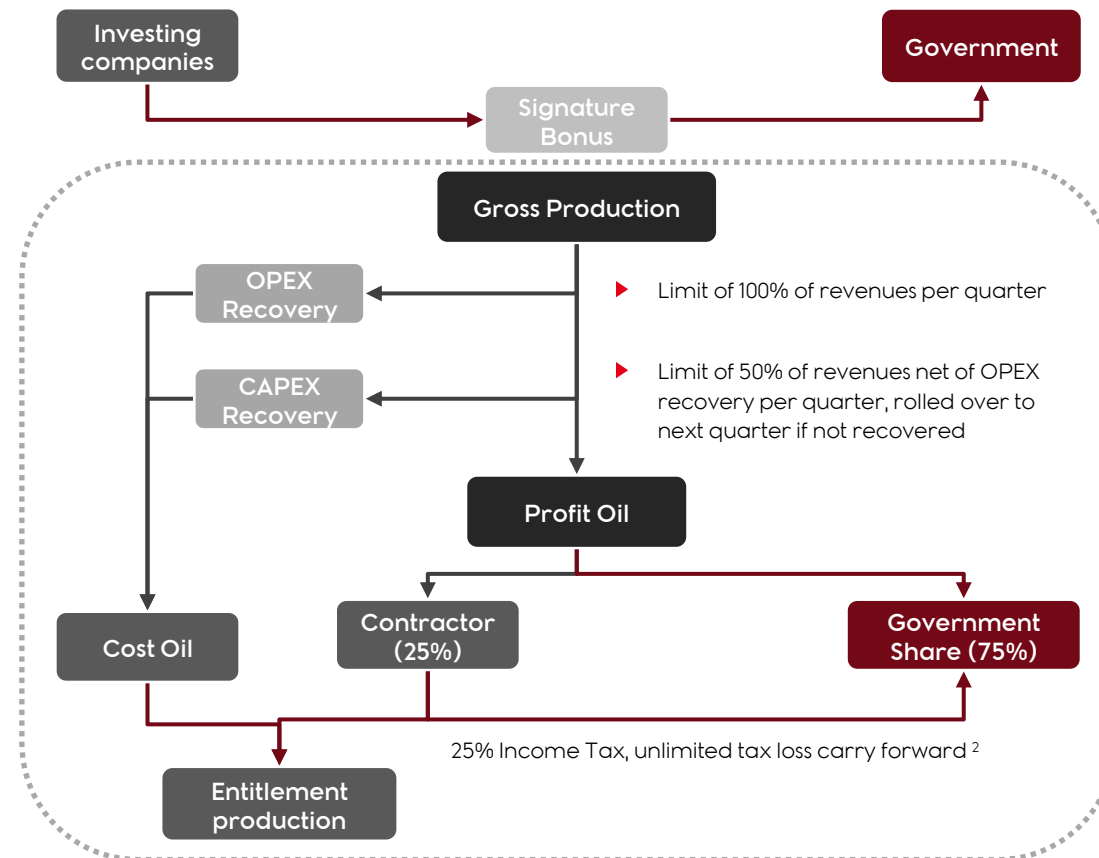
Ownership structure



- ▶ MOL net ent. production: ~12-15 mboepd (2023-2027)

ACG continues to deliver, and is a world class asset with high margin and low cost

OVERVIEW OF PSA REGIME¹

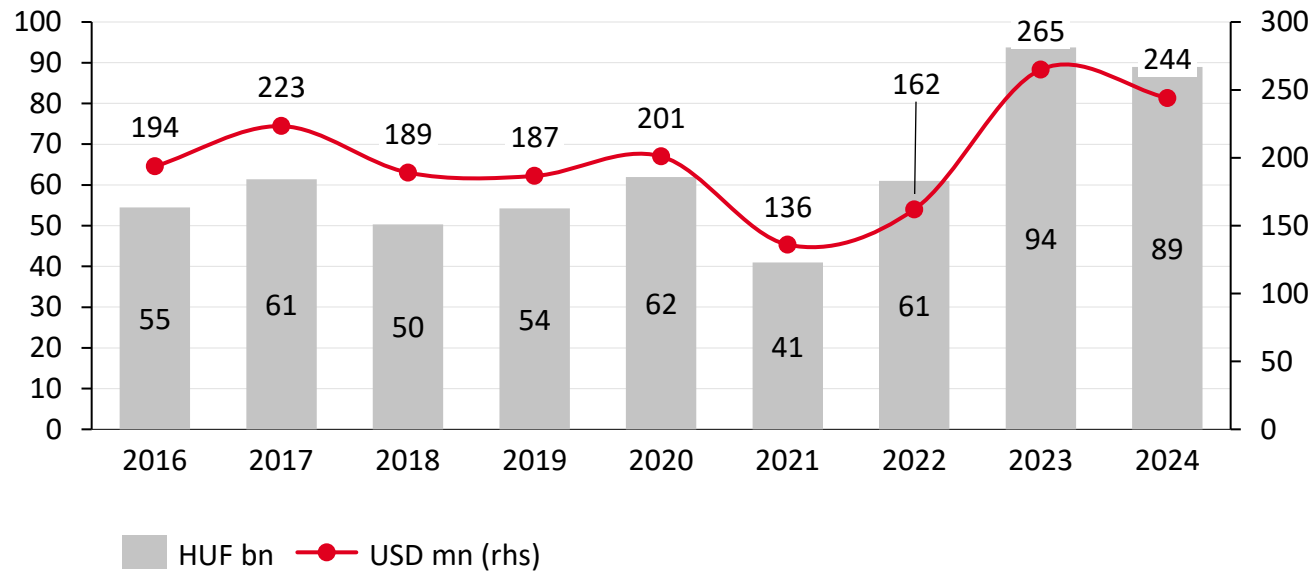


- ▶ PSA contract expiry: 2049

Notes: (1) Based on public sources (website of the project operator)
 (2) Income tax is charged on cash- and PSA-based pre-tax profit
 (3) 2023 data

GAS MIDSTREAM: STABLE CASH FLOW

GAS MIDSTREAM EBITDA (HUF BN, USD MN)



FACTS & FIGURES

- ▶ Domestic natural gas transmission system operator in Hungary
- ▶ Regulated business (asset base and return) with continuous regulatory scrutiny
- ▶ Nearly 6,000km pipeline system
- ▶ Interconnectors to Croatia, Romania, Slovakia, Ukraine, Serbia and Austria

Q1 2025 RECAP



2025 GUIDANCE ON TRACK SO FAR

RISKS TO MEETING GUIDANCE HAVE INCREASED

	Q1 2024 RESULTS		Q1 2025 RESULTS		2025 GUIDANCE
GROUP PROFIT BEFORE TAX ¹	USD 382 MN	▶	USD 546 MN	▶	~USD 1.6 BN
GROUP CLEAN CCS EBITDA	USD 718 MN	▶	USD 833 MN	▶	>USD 3.0 BN
OIL & GAS PRODUCTION ¹	92.3 MBOEPD	▶	93.0 MBOEPD	▶	~92-94 MBOEPD
CRUDE PROCESSING ²	2.82 MT	▶	2.98 MT	▶	~12 MT
GROUP CAPEX (ORGANIC)	USD 317 MN	▶	USD 160 MN	▶	~1.7 BN
NET DEBT/EBITDA	0.64X	▶	0.64X	▶	<1.0X
HSE – TRIR ³	1.39	▶	1.22	▶	~1.3

(1) Continuing operations. i.e. excluding UK
 (2) MOL Danube Refinery + Slovnaft refinery
 (3) Total Recordable Injury Rate

RESILIENT PERFORMANCE AMONGST MACRO HEADWINDS

ALL KEY SEGMENTS IMPROVED PERFORMANCE DESPITE ECONOMIC SLOWDOWN

FINANCIALS

- ▶ First quarter 2025 Profit before tax at USD 546 mn, up by 23% year-on-year on improvement in reported EBITDA and FX effect
- ▶ Clean CCS EBITDA higher by 16% YoY to USD 833 mn; operating CF after WC of USD 470 mn vs organic CAPEX of USD 160 mn
- ▶ Upstream EBITDA grew by 15% to USD 317 mn as production remained at high levels and natural gas prices increased
- ▶ Downstream refinery margins dropped but capacity utilization improved and Clean CCS EBITDA came in at USD 300 mn, up 2% YoY
- ▶ Consumer Services EBITDA increased by 10% to USD 158 mn in Q1 2025 supported by contribution from both fuel and non-fuel
- ▶ Circular Economy Services EBITDA amounted to USD 12 mn, with underlying performance remaining in the negative territory

OPERATIONAL AND OTHER DEVELOPMENTS

- ▶ E&P portfolio development continues in Hungary: Endrőd acquisition closed and Som-8 well started operation
- ▶ HUF 165+110 regular+special dividend approved by the AGM, an increase of 10% compared to 2024
- ▶ 4 mining concessions awarded to MOL in Hungary, 2 of which together with Turkish Petroleum

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MORE INFO AT www.molgroup.info

CONTACT:

Phone: +36 1 464 1395

E-mail: investorrelations@mol.hu